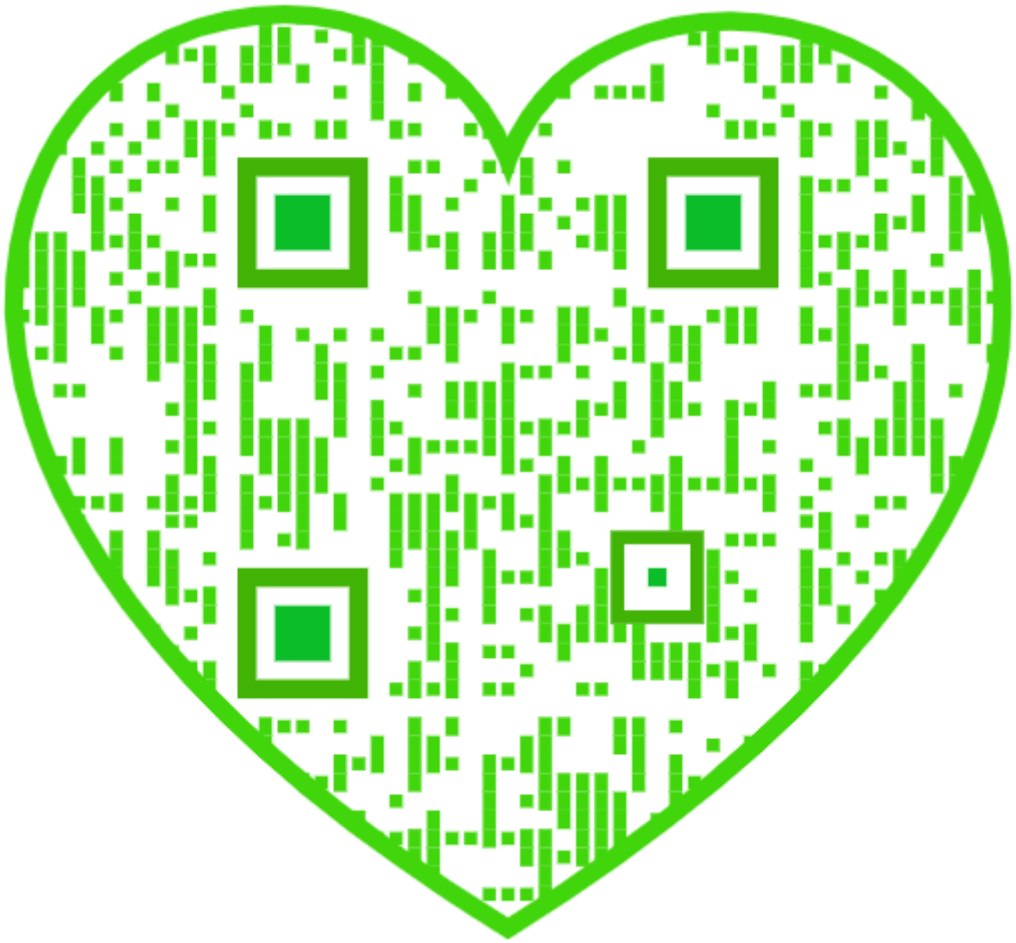
SF
485
A5
1874a

AMERICAN

STANDARD OF EXCELLENCE

SOUVENIR OF FIRST EDITION

Buffalo, New York, January 15-18, 1874



ALBERT R. MANN
LIBRARY

NEW YORK STATE COLLEGES
OF
AGRICULTURE AND HOME ECONOMICS

AT

CORNELL UNIVERSITY

JAMES E. RICE
MEMORIAL
POULTRY LIBRARY

Cornell University Library
SF 485.A5 1874a
The American standard of excellence as r
3 1924 003 033 887
mann

The original of this book is in
the Cornell University Library.

There are no known copyright restrictions in
the United States on the use of the text.

http://www.archive.org/details/cu31924003033887

HISTORICAL.

THE AMERICAN POULTRY ASSOCIATION was organized at Buffalo, N. Y., February 15, 1873, and reorganized in the same city January 15, 1874. The First American Standard of Excellence, now known as the American Standard of Perfection, was adopted by the American Poultry Association January 15, 1874. This souvenir copy, pages 1 to 102 inclusive, is a photographic reproduction of that edition. January 15-21, 1875, at a third convention held in the city of Buffalo, a larger and far more valuable Standard of Excellence was adopted, consisting of 243 well-printed pages, 5x7 inches in size, and containing substantially accurate descriptions of seventy-nine varieties of chickens, turkeys, ducks and geese. In 1878 a still more accurately-worded edition of the Standard of Excellence was published, "as revised by the American Poultry Association, at their conventions held in Buffalo, New York, January 15, 1875; in Chicago, January 24, 1876; in Buffalo, February 5, 1877, and in Portland, Maine, February, 1878." This edition remained in force many years. The first attempt at an Illustrated Standard was made in January, 1888, at the thirteenth annual meeting of the American Poultry Association held at Indianapolis, Indiana. This edition contained twenty outline pen drawings, purporting to show correct Standard shape, but the pictures met with wide-spread disfavor and the edition was declared obsolete. The present Illustrated Standard was published August 22, 1905, as a result of two years of painstaking work on the part of committees appointed by the American Poultry Association, and more than fourteen thousand copies were sold within eight months of said date. It will be conceded that the American Standard of Perfection, as it exists today, is a vast improvement over the first edition, as represented in the following pages.

Presented to James E. Rice

By Jay H. Curtis

President of

The American Poultry Association

1906-1907

THE AMERICAN

STANDARD OF EXCELLENCE

AS REVISED BY THE

UNITED POULTRY FANCIERS OF AMERICA,

CONVENED UNDER THE AUSPICES OF THE

AMERICAN POULTRY ASSOCIATION,

AT THEIR CONVENTION HELD IN

BUFFALO, N. Y., JANUARY 15, 1874,

GIVING A COMPLETE DESCRIPTION OF ALL THE RECOGNIZED VARIETIES OF FOWLS.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED
FOR THE AMERICAN POULTRY ASSOCIATION.
1874.

E11611

Entered according to Act of Congress, in the year 1874, by
CHAS. A. SWEET, WM. H. LOCKWOOD, and PHILANDER WILLIAMS,
As Trustees of the American Poultry Association,
In the Office of the Librarian of Congress, at Washington.

We hereby certify that we have compared this edition of the "American Standard of Excellence" with the official minutes of the meeting of the American Poultry Association, held at Buffalo, January 15th—20th, 1874, and find it correct.

Jos. Wm Atwood
W. H. Churchman
Charles A. Sweet
Alston B. Estes
Wm. H. Lockwood
H H Stoddard

Committee of Publication.

INSTRUCTIONS TO JUDGES.

Messrs. C. A. Sweet, H. H. Stoddard, W. H. Todd, P. Williams, and I. K. Felch, the Committee on Instructions to Judges applying this standard of excellence, reported the following, which was unanimously adopted:

"The Association instructs its Judges in applying the scale of points, that they each and severally test the merits of the fowls by a close examination and actual enumeration of points. That in making deductions for imperfections before deciding, a careful calculation be made of what per cent. the number of points deducted bears to the whole number belonging to a perfect specimen. That symmetry, and the points of the wings, shall be the first things judged upon, and the specimens shall not be disturbed by any handling until this is decided.

"In case of a tie in number of points, the preference shall be determined by a careful comparison of the several sections, and the preference given to the fowls possessing the greatest number of points in the particulars most vital to the reproduction of their race.

"Judges shall be further instructed in disqualifying fowls to keep in view the Golden rule.

"In figuring size or weight, the fowls which shall be comparatively small in proportion to a weight that indicates excessive fat, shall be estimated in the same ratio as those which present large size and are deficient in weight compared to size.

"In Asiatic class, the specimen largest in size and weight shall be deemed the perfect specimen, and allowed full numbers of points in size and weight, provided always said specimens shall not weigh less than, say—

Cock,	12 lbs.
Cockerel,	10 "
Hen,	10 "
Pullet,	8 "

"When the largest cock specimen in size and weight weighs 13 lbs. or more, the remaining specimens shall be figured com-

paratively, losing two points for every pound they fall short of the weight of the best or standard specimen. When the largest cock weighs under 13 lbs., and not less than 12 lbs., then the remaining specimens shall lose four points for every pound they fall short of the weight of said best or standard specimen.

"When the largest cockerel in size and weight weighs 12 lbs. or more, the remaining specimens shall lose 2 points to each pound that they fall short of the weight of such largest specimens; but when the largest cockerel weighs under 12 pounds and not less than 10 pounds, then the loss on the remaining specimens shall be computed at 3 points for every pound they fall short of the weight of the said largest specimen.

"When the largest hen in size and weight weighs 11 pounds or more, the remaining specimens shall lose 2 points for every pound they fall short of the weight of such largest specimen. But when the largest specimen weighs under 11 pounds, and not less than 10 pounds, then the remaining specimens shall lose 3 points for every pound they fall short of the weight of the largest specimen.

"When the largest pullet in size and weight weighs 10 pounds or more, then the remaining specimens shall lose 2 points for every pound they fall short of the weight of said largest specimen. But when such largest specimen weighs under 10 pounds, and not less than 8 pounds, then the remaining specimens shall lose 3 points for every pound they fall short of the weight of such largest specimen.

"Judges must in all cases make a *pro rata* reduction for any fractional part of a pound that a specimen falls short of the largest or standard bird.

"And all judges in other classes shall first establish a corresponding size and weight that shall apply to their class, that shall be in keeping with the spirit of the foregoing.

"And this Association further instructs that but one judge (and an alternate) be appointed to each variety in a class, and that they be published in the premium list.

"Also that we will not recognize in our list of premiums any variety of a class of fowls, when such class is recognized in our standard of excellence, unless such variety is also recognized."

All judges applying this standard are positively instructed to adhere strictly to the above rules.

W. H. CHURCHMAN, Pres.

E. S. RALPH, Sec.

CONTENTS.

	Page.
Instruction to Judges,	3
Nomenclature,	8
Light Brahmas,	9
Dark Brahmas,	11
Cochins, general shape of,	15
Partridge Cochins,	17
Buff Cochins,	19
White Cochins,	19
Black Cochins,	20
Games, general shape of,	21
Black Breasted Red Games,	23
Brown Red Games,	25
Ginger Red Games,	26
Yellow Duck-Wing Game,	27
Silver Duck-Wing Game,	28
Pile Game,	29
White Game,	30
Black Game,	30
Gray Game,	30
Game Bantams,	32
White Leghorns,	32
Brown Leghorns,	34
Dominique Leghorns,	37
Black Leghorns,	39
American Dominiques,	42
Plymouth Rocks,	43

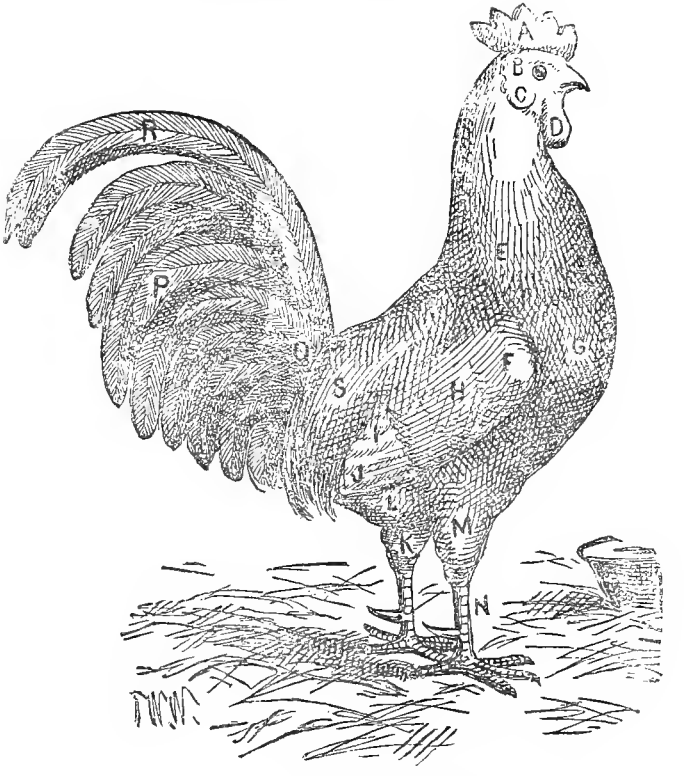
PAGE.

Black Spanish, 45
Andalusian, 48
Hamburgs, general shape of, 50
Golden Penciled Hamburgs, 51
Silver Penciled Hamburgs, 52
Golden Spangled Hamburgs, 53
Silver Spangled Hamburgs, 55
White Hamburgs, 58
Black Hamburgs, 58
Polish, general shape of, 59
White Crested Black Polish, 60
Golden Spangled Polish, 61
Silver Spangled Polish, 62
White Polish, 63
Sultans, 64
Houdans, 66
Creve-Cœurs, 68
La Fleche, 70
Dorkings, general shape of, 72
Silver Grey Dorkings, 73
White Dorkings, 75
Colored Dorkings, 75
Russian, 76
Silkies, 77
Sebright Bantams, 79
Black Bantams, 81
White Bantams, 82
Pekin or Cochin Bantams, 83
Japan Bantams, 84
Rumpless Fowls, 85
Frizzled Fowls, 86
Aylesbury Ducks, 86
Rouen Ducks, 87
Cayuga Ducks, 89

PAGE.

East Indian or Labrador Ducks, 90
Call Ducks, 91
White Crested Ducks, 91
White Muscovy Ducks, 92
Pekin Ducks, 92
Turkeys, general shape of, 93
Black Turkeys, 94
Buff Turkeys, 94
Slate Turkeys, 94
Narragansett Turkeys, 95
Bronze Turkeys, 96
Toulouse Geese, 98
Embden Geese, 99
White China Geese, 99
Egyptian, or Nile Geese, 100
African Geese, 100
List of Sub-Committees, 101

NOMENCLATURE.



A.	The Comb.	J.	The Wing Primaries.
B.	" Face.	K.	" Hock.
C.	" Ear Lobe.	L.	" Fluff.
D.	" Wattles.	M.	" Thigh.
E.	" Hackle.	N.	" Leg.
F.	" Wing Bow.	O.	" Tail Coverts.
G.	" Breast.	P.	" Tail.
H.	" Wing Coverts.	R.	" Sickle Feathers.
I.	" " Secondaries.	S.	" Saddle Feathers.

Description of Breeds.

BRAHMAS.

Light Brahmas.

THE COCK.

BEAK. Short, strong, yellow with dark stripe.

COMB. Triple or pea comb, firm and straight on the head, distinctly divided so as to have the appearance of three small combs joined together, each part slightly and evenly serrated and parallel with the head, and of a rich red color.

HEAD. Broad, and the size in proper proportion to the body, the plumage of the same being white.

EYE. Prominent and bright.

WATTLES AND DEAF EAR. Of equal length, and with the face, of a rich red color.

NECK. Long, well arched, hackle abundant, flowing well dowr on the shoulders. Plumage white, each feather distinctly striped with black down the center, and coming to a point at the point of the feather.

BREAST. Full, broad and round, carried well forward, and with under part of body and thighs, (which should be large and strong, white.)

BACK. Broad, flat, rather long, saddle feathers well developed, and in color milk white.

WINGS. Primaries closely folded under the secondaries, the bows of the same being covered by the breast feathers, the bow and coverts being white on the outside web, and black on the inside web, the whole being nicely folded in a point under the saddle feathers.

TAIL. Tolerably upright, well developed, and spreading out laterally like a fan. Color black, tail coverts glossy green-black, lesser coverts black or silvered on the edge.

LEGS. Strong, wide apart, of medium length; bright yellow, reddish tinge preferred; well feathered with white feathers, mottled with black, extending to tips of outer toes.

TOES. Straight and strong.

FLUFF. Rich and soft; not so abundant as to destroy the marbled surface or profile of the hock; underfeathering of a slaty blue tinge or white.

CARRIAGE. Upright and bold.

THE HEN.

BEAK. Short, strong; yellow, with dark stripe.

COMB. Triple or pea comb, small and low.

HEAD AND EYE. Same as in cock.

WATTLES AND DEAF EAR. Exceedingly small and red.

NECK. Neatly arched, the plumage of the same being white, with a broad black stripe down the middle of each feather.

HACKLE. Flowing well down on the shoulders.

BREAST. Deep, round and prominent.

BACK. Broad, the feathers of the neck reaching to betwixt the shoulders, with an abundance of soft, broad feathers rising to the tail, plumage of which, with breast, being white.

WINGS. Small; the bow covered by the breast feathers; the primaries doubled well under the secondaries, the well folded wings imbedded in the fluff; the color of the same as in the cock.

TAIL. Black, the two highest or deck feathers edged with white, and not carried so upright as in cock.

THIGH. Strong, well covered with rich soft, white feathers.

FLUFF. White, abundant, and soft, giving the bird a wide and deep appearance from behind, but in Pullet not falling below the hock joint.

LEGS. Of a rich, bright yellow, wide apart, and feathered to the tips of outer toes.

TOES. Straight and strong.

CARRIAGE. Low in comparison to the cock.

DISQUALIFICATIONS.

Not matching in the pen; combs falling to either side; crooked backs; twisted feathers in the wings; legs not feathered to the tips of outer toes, or any other color except yellow; vulture hocks; under-feathering any other color but bluish white or white; cocks without wattle naturally; cocks not weighing 9 pounds; hens not weighing 7½ pounds; cockerels not weighing 7½ pounds; pullets not weighing 6 pounds; wry tails.

POINTS.

Symmetry,	10
Size and weight,	15
Head, comb, and wattles,	15
Neck, form of hackle, and color,	10
Back, body and color of the same,	10
Wings closely folded under secondary and color thereof,	10
Tail, form, carriage and color of the same,	10
Legs and feathering of the same,	10
Condition,	10
	100

Dark Brahmas.

THE COCK.

BEAK. Very strong and curved; color, horn; sides, yellow.

COMB. Pea; small; lower in front and rear than in center; firm on the head, without falling over to either side; distinctly divided, so as to have the appearance of three small combs joined together, the largest and highest in the middle, each part slightly and evenly serrated; color, rich bright red.

HEAD. Small, slender in profile, but broad; color, silvery white.

EYE. Prominent and bright; color, red.

DEAF EAR. Large and pendant; color, rich bright red.

WATTLES. Small, well developed, and rounded in the lower edge; color, rich bright red.

NECK. Medium in length, neatly curved, slender near the head, the juncture very distinct; hackle, full, abundant, and flowing well on the shoulders; color, silvery white, each feather distinctly striped with black, tapering to a fine point.

BREAST. Very full, broad and round, carried well forward; color, black; or black slightly and evenly mottled with white.

BACK. Broad, flat between the shoulders; saddle feathers very abundant and long; color of back, silvery white; saddle, silvery white, striped with black, same as neck hackle.

WINGS. Small; the primaries well folded under the secondaries; the points well covered by the saddle feathers; color of shoulder coverts, silvery white; wing bow, silvery white, or silvery white slightly tinged with copper; wing coverts, metallic green-black, forming a wide, well defined bar across the wing; primaries, black, or black with narrow edging of white on outside web; secondaries, white on outer web, black on inner web, with a large green-black spot on the end of each feather.

TAIL. Small, carried tolerably upright, the two higher feathers spreading out laterally, and not greatly exceeding in length the quill feathers; color, black; greater coverts, rich green-black; lesser coverts, rich green-black, or edged with white.

THIGHS. Very large and strong, set well apart, abundantly covered with soft, fluffy feathers; color, black, or black slightly mottled with white.

FLUFF. Abundant and soft, covering the hind parts, and standing out about the thighs, giving the bird a broad and

deep appearance behind; color, black, or black slightly frosted with white.

LEGS. Strong and rather large, standing well apart, of medium length, well feathered on the outside to the ends of the toes; color, scales, yellow; inside of leg, rich reddish yellow; feathers, black, or black slightly mottled with white.

TOES. Straight and strong, the outer and middle toes being feathered; color of feathers, black, or black mottled with white.

CARRIAGE. Bold and upright.

THE HEN.

BEAK. Very strong and curved; color, horn.

COMB. Very small and low, placed well in front of the head, and having the appearance of three very small serrated combs pressed together, the largest in the middle; color, rich bright red.

HEAD. Small, slender in profile, but broad; color, silvery grey.

EYE. Prominent and bright; color, red.

DEAF EAR. Large and pendant; color, rich bright red.

WATTLES. Small, but well defined, and rounded in the lower edge; color, rich bright red.

NECK. Medium in length, neatly curved, slender near the head, the juncture very distinct, full and broad in the lower part, the feathers reaching well down on the shoulders; color, silvery white, each feather distinctly striped with black, the edge of the black running parallel with the outer edge of the feathers.

BREAST. Very deep, round, broad and prominent; color, ground, greyish white, minutely and distinctly penciled throughout with very dark penciling, so close as almost to cover the ground color, the penciling covering the entire breast, and reaching well up to the throat, free from white shaft in the feathers.

BACK. Broad, with abundance of soft, broad feathers rising to the tail; color, same as breast.

WINGS. Small, the bow covered by the breast feathers; the primaries folded well under the secondaries; the points covered by an abundance of soft feathers and fluff; color of primaries, black, with narrow penciling on outer edge; secondaries, black on inner web, penciled on outer web.

TAIL. Small, carried tolerably upright, almost buried in the soft rump feathers; color, black, the upper feathers and coverts penciled.

THIGHS. Strong, set well apart, well covered with soft, fluffy feathers; color, same as breast and back.

FLUFF. Very abundant and soft, standing out about the hind parts and thighs, giving the bird a broad and deep appearance behind; color, same shade of grey as rest of body.

LEGS. Strong, set wide apart, well feathered down to end of toes. Color, yellow or dusky yellow; feathers same shade as body.

TOES. Straight and strong, middle and outer toes being well feathered; color, same as legs.

CARRIAGE. Low in comparison with cock.

DISQUALIFICATIONS.

Birds not matching in the pen; comb falling over to one side, or other than pea; crooked back, wry tail, or any other deformity; twisted feathers in wing; vulture hocks; cocks not weighing 9 pounds; hens not weighing 7½ pounds; cockerels not weighing 7½ pounds; pullets not weighing 6 pounds.

POINTS.

Symmetry,	15
Size and weight,	15
Color,	25
Condition,	10
Comb,	10
Head,	5

Primaries well tucked under secondaries,	5
Tail, form and carriage of same,	5
Legs, and feathering of same,	5
Fluff,	5
	100

COCHINS.

GENERAL SHAPE.

THE COCK.

COMB. Single, firm, rather small, perfectly straight and upright, with well defined serrations, and free from side sprigs.

BEAK. Curved, stout at the base, and rather short.

HEAD. Small for the size of the bird, and mild in expression.

EYE. Very light and clear.

DEAF EAR. Large and pendant.

WATTLES. Medium length, rather firm, and well rounded on lower edge.

NECK. Neatly curved, and rather short.

HACKLE. Full, abundant and flowing well on to the back.

BACK. Broad, with a gentle rise from the middle to the tail; saddle feathers very abundant.

WINGS. Small, the primaries folded well under the secondaries, so as to be quite out of sight when the wing is closed.

TAIL. Small, soft, with as little hard quill as possible; the curved feathers numerous and glossy; the whole tail forming a small bunch, carried rather horizontally than upright.

BREAST. Deep, broad and full.

THIGHS. Very large and strong, plentifully covered with

perfectly soft feathers, which on the lower part should be carried inward round the hock, so as to nearly hide the joint from view; vulture hocks objectionable, but not a disqualification.

FLUFF. Very abundant and soft, covering the hind part, and standing out about the thighs.

LEGS. Rather short, very thick and bony, wide apart and heavily feathered down the outside, the feathering to start out well from the very hock.

TOES. Straight and strong, the outer and middle toe being well spread and feathered.

CARRIAGE. Not so upright as other breeds, with a contented, intelligent appearance.

THE HEN.

COMB. Single, small, fine, low in front, exact, perfectly straight, with small, well defined serrations, and free from side sprigs.

BEAK. Small and tapering.

HEAD. Small and neat.

EYE. Bright and clear.

DEAF EAR. Well developed.

WATTLES. Small and neatly rounded.

NECK. Short, carried forward, lower part full and broad, the feathers reaching well on to the back.

BACK. Broad, flat and short, with the cushion rising from the middle of the back, and partially covering the tail.

WINGS. Small; primaries folded well under the secondaries, so as to be quite out of sight when the wing is closed; bow of the wings neatly covered by the breast feathers, and points sunk well into the fluff.

TAIL. Very short and small, carried horizontally, and almost hidden in the cushion.

BREAST. Broad and full, carried rather low.

THIGHS. Large, abundantly covered with soft, fluffy feath-

ers curving inward around the hock, so as to neatly hide the joint from view; vulture hocks objectionable, but not a disqualification.

FLUFF. Very soft and abundant, standing out about the thighs, giving the bird a very deep and broad appearance behind.

LEGS. Short, stout and long, wide apart, and well feathered on the outside to the toes.

TOES. Strong and straight, the outer and middle toes well feathered.

CARRIAGE. Low, with a contented matronly appearance.

Partridge Cochins.

THE COCK.

COMB, FACE, DEAF EAR, AND WATTLES. Rich brilliant red.

HEAD. Bright red.

HACKLE. Rich red, or orange red, with a distinct black stripe down the middle of each feather.

BACK AND SHOULDER COVERTS AND WING BOW. Rich red.

WING, GREATER AND LESSER COVERTS. Greenish black, forming a wide bar across the wings.

WING PRIMARY QUILLS. Bay edging on outside web, dark on inside web.

WING, SECONDARY QUILLS. Rich bay on the outside web; black on the inside web, with a green-black end to each feather.

SADDLE. Rich red or orange red, with a black stripe down the middle of each feather.

BREAST, UNDER PART OF BODY AND THIGH. Rich deep black.

TAIL. Glossy black, white at the base of the feathers, objectionable, but not a disqualification; greater coverts, black; lesser coverts black, or black edged with red.

LEGS. Yellow, with black feathers, or slightly mottled with white.

THE HEN

COMB, FACE, DEAF EAR, AND WATTLES. Brilliant red.

HEAD. Rich brown.

NECK. Rich reddish gold color, with a broad black stripe down the middle of the feathers.

REMAINDER OF THE PLUMAGE. Rich brown, distinctly penciled with darker brown, the penciling reaching well up the front of the breast and following the outline of the feathers.

LEGS. Dusky yellow, with feathers same color as the body feathers.

DISQUALIFICATIONS.

Birds not matching in the pen; cocks with mottled breasts; hens with pale buff or clay breasts; without penciling; twisted combs, or combs falling to either side; flight feathers twisted in wings; crooked backs; vulture hocks particularly objectionable; absence of feathers on the legs; white in the tail of cockerels; wry tails; cocks not weighing 9 pounds; hens not weighing 7½ pounds; cockerels not weighing 7½ pounds; pullets not weighing 6 pounds.

POINTS.

Symmetry,	10
Size and weight,	15
Color,	25
Head and comb,	15
Carriage of the wings,	10
Legs,	5
Cushion and Fluff,	10
Condition,	10
	100

Buff Cochins.

THE COCK.

COMB, FACE, DEAF-EAR, AND WATTLES. Brilliant red.

HEAD. Rich clear buff.

HACKLE, BACK, WINGS, AND SADDLE. Rich, deep, golden buff; the more uniform and even in color the better; quite free from mealiness on the wing.

BREAST, THIGHS, AND FLUFF. Uniform clear, deep buff; as free from mottling or shading as possible.

TAIL. Rich, dark chestuut, or bronzy chestnut mixed with black. Dark chestnut preferable.

LEGS. Bright yellow; feathers clear, deep buff.

THE HEN.

COMB, FACE, DEAF-EAR, AND WATTLES. Brilliant red.

PLUMAGE. Uniformly clear, deep buff throughout; the more uniformly clear and free from mottling or shading, the better. A clear hackle preferred, but a slight marking at the end of the feathers of the neck not a disqualification.

LEGS. Bright yellow, with feathers same color as body feathers.

White Cochins.

COLOR OF COCK AND HEN.

BEAK. Rich yellow.

COMB, FACE, DEAF-EAR, AND WATTLES. Brilliant red.

EYES. Pearl or bright red.

LEGS. Bright yellow.

PLUMAGE. Pure white throughout, free from any shade of yellow. This will have to be avoided as far as possible in the cocks.

DISQUALIFICATIONS IN BUFF AND WHITE COCHINS.

Birds not matching in pen, or with primary wing feathers twisted or turned outside the wing, twisted combs, crooked backs, birds without feathers on the legs, vulture hocks are particularly objectionable, legs of any other color than yellow; wry tails; cocks not weighing 9 pounds; hens not weighing 7½ pounds; cockerels not weighing 7½ pounds; pullets not weighing 6 pounds.

Black Cochins.

COLOR OF COCK AND HEN.

BEAK. Yellow horn color, or yellow shaded with black.

COMB, FACE, DEAF-EAR, AND WATTLES. Brilliant red.

EYES. Bright dark red.

PLUMAGE. A rich black, and free from any other color whatever.

LEGS. Yellow, shaded with black, or nearly black, in front of legs.

SCALE OF POINTS IN BUFF, WHITE AND BLACK COCHINS.

Symmetry,	10
Size and weight,	15
Color,	25
Head and comb,	15
Carriage of wings,	10
Legs,	5
Cushion and Fluff,	10
Condition,	10
	100

DISQUALIFICATIONS IN BLACK COCHINS.

Birds not matching in pen, or with primary wing feathers twisted or turned outside the wing; twisted combs; crooked

backs; birds without feathers on the legs; vulture hocks are particularly objectionable; wry tails; cocks not weighing 9 pounds; hens not weighing 7½ pounds; cockerels not weighing 7½ pounds; pullets not weighing 6 pounds.

GAMES.

GENERAL SHAPE.

THE COCK.

BEAK. Strong, curved, very short at the base.

COMB. In a chicken that has not been dubbed, single, small and thin, low in front, serrated, erect and straight; in older birds, neatly dubbed, smooth, and free from warty appearances, small feathers or ridges on the edges.

HEAD. Long, thin and taper, very strong at the juncture with the neck.

EYES. Large, bright and prominent, perfectly alike in color, with a quick, fearless expression.

FACE AND THROAT. Lean and thin.

NECK. Rather long and neatly arched; hackle short and very close.

BACK. Rather short, flat, broad across the shoulders, and narrowing to the tail.

BREAST. Broad, round and full.

STERN. Slender and very neat; saddle feathers very short and close.

WINGS. Strong, long and very powerful; the butts and shoulder parts slightly raised, as if for a sudden spring; the remainder of the wings not drooping, but carried neatly and

compactly to the sides, passing over the upper part of the thighs, the points resting under the saddle feathers.

TAIL. Rather long, the feathers very sound and not too broad, carried well together, and not spread out, scattered or loose.

SICKLE FEATHERS AND TAIL COVERTS. Perfectly sound, narrow, hard and wiry, not hanging loosely, well carried and neatly curved; the whole of the tail going backwards and not upright over the back, or squirrel-tailed.

THIGHS. Round, stout, hard and firm, rather short in proportion to the shank, placed well up towards the shoulders, and covered with very close, short feathers, so as to have a velvety appearance.

LEGS. Rather long, strong, bony, clean, standing well and evenly apart; the spurs set on low; the scales close and smooth.

FEET. Broad, flat and thin; toes long, spreading and straight, well furnished with strong nails, with the hind toe set low on the foot, standing well backwards and flat on the ground, not merely touching with the point of the toe, or duck-footed.

PLUMAGE. Close, sleek and glossy; body feathers short, hard and firm; quills very strong.

BODY IN HAND. Very muscular and firm, not soft or hollow on the sides, perfectly straight in the breast and back, and quite even in the hip bones.

CARRIAGE. Upright, active and quick.

THE HEN.

BEAK. Long, slightly curved, sharp at the point and stout at the base.

COMB. Single, small and thin, low in front, evenly serrated, perfectly erect and straight.

HEAD. Long, slender, very neat and taper.

EYES. Bright, large and prominent, perfectly alike in color, with a quick, fiery expression.

FACE. Lean and thin.

DEAF EAR. Very small, and close to the face.

WATTLES. Small, thin, and neatly rounded on the edge.

THROAT. Neat; the feathers very short and close.

NECK. Long; feathers very short, giving the neck a slender and very graceful appearance.

BACK. Moderate in length, perfectly flat, and broad across the shoulders, and narrowing to the tail.

WINGS. Long and powerful; the butts and shoulders carried rather high, so as to cause a perfectly flat back; the points not drooping, but carried compactly to the sides.

TAIL. Moderate in length; not carried over the back, but extending backwards; the feathers not scattered or spread out, but held neatly together.

BREAST. Broad, round and prominent.

THIGHS. Stout, round and neat, the feathers short and very close.

LEGS. Long, very bony, clean and taper; the scales narrow, smooth, close and neat.

FEET. Broad, flat and thin; toes spreading, long and straight, well furnished with strong nails, the hind toe set low on the foot, standing well backwards, and not duck-footed.

PLUMAGE. Very close, sleek and glossy; body feathers short, hard and firm; quills strong.

CARRIAGE. Rather upright, very neat, quick and active.

Black Breasted Red Game.

COLOR OF COCK.

HEAD. Very rich, dark red.

COMB, FACE, AND JAWS. Very bright red.

EYES. Bright, clear, deep bay.

NECK HACKLE. Rich red, free from black stripes.

BACK, SHOULDER, AND SHOULDER COVERTS. Rich, dark red.

WING BUTTS. Black.

WING BOW. Rich, dark red, perfectly free from black feathers.

WING GREATER AND LESSER COVERTS. Metallic green-black, forming a wide bar across the wing, perfectly even, well defined, and not irregular on the edges.

WING PRIMARIES. Bay on the outside web, black on the inside.

WING SECONDARIES. Rich, clear, bright bay on the outside web, black on the inside web, with a rich, metallic green-black spot on the end of the feather.

SADDLE. Rich red.

TAIL. Rich black.

SICKLE FEATHERS AND TAIL COVERTS. Very rich, metallic green-black.

BREAST, UNDERPART OF BODY, AND THIGHS. Rich black, free from any admixture of red or any other color.

LEGS. Either willow, olive, yellow, white or blue. The colors preferred in the order in which they are named.

COLOR OF HEN.

HEAD. Brown.

COMB, FACE, DEAF EAR AND WATTLES. Very bright red.

NECK. Light, brownish yellow, striped with black.

NECK AND SHOULDER COVERTS. Brown.

WING BOW, SHOULDER AND COVERTS. Same color as back, perfectly free from red.

WING PRIMARIES AND SECONDARIES. Brown.

TAIL. Dark brown, approaching black.

BREAST. Deep salmon, shading off to ashy brown towards the thighs.

THIGHS. Ashy brown.

LEGS. To match those of the cock when shown in pairs or trios.

Brown Red Game.

COLOR OF COCK.

HEAD. Very dark red.

COMB, FACE, AND JAWS. Bright red or dark purple (gipsy-faced).

EYES. Dark brown or black.

NECK HACKLE. Dark red.

BACK AND SHOULDER COVERTS. Dark crimson red.

SADDLE. Dark red.

WING BUTTS. Black or very dark dusky brown.

WING SHOULDER AND BOW. Dark crimson red.

WING COVERTS. Rich glossy black.

WING PRIMARIES. Dusky black.

WING SECONDARIES. Black, with metallic lustre toward the end of the feathers.

TAIL. Black.

SICKLE FEATHERS AND TAIL COVERTS. Rich glossy black.

BREAST. Black, shaft of feather red, the color becoming darker as it approaches the lower part of the thighs.

THIGHS. Dusky black.

LEGS. Olive, bronzy black, or dark willow.

COLOR OF HEN.

HEAD. Dark dusky brown, approaching a dusky black.

COMB, FACE, DEAF EAR, AND WATTLES. Bright red or dark purple.

EYES. Dark brown or black.

NECK. Coppery yellow, striped with black.

REMAINDER OF THE PLUMAGE. Very dark brown, approaching black.

LEGS. To match those of the cock when shown in pairs or trios.

Ginger Red Game.

COLOR OF COCK.

HEAD. Red.

FACE AND JAWS. Reddish purple.

EYES. Brown or black.

NECK HACKLE. Rich clear red.

BACK, SHOULDER COVERTS, AND BOW OF THE WINGS. Rich red.

WING. Primaries and secondaries brownish red.

SADDLE. Rich clear red.

TAIL. Black.

SICKLE FEATHERS AND TAIL COVERTS. Rich black, the lesser coverts edged with red.

BREAST. Ginger red, becoming darker as it approaches the thighs.

THIGHS. Dusky red.

LEGS. Olive, dark willow, or bronzy black.

COLOR OF HEN.

HEAD. Yellowish brown.

COMB, FACE, DEAF EAR, AND WATTLES. Purple or black.

EYES. Brown or black.

NECK. Golden yellow, striped with black.

BREAST. Higher part towards the throat yellowish brown; shaft and a narrower margin of feathers a much lighter shade; lower part and sides, a dusky brown, with a narrow margin of the feathers of a golden ginger shade.

REMAINDER OF THE PLUMAGE. Yellowish brown, with a narrow margin of the feathers of a golden ginger shade.

LEGS. Same color as those of the cock when shown in pairs or trios.

Yellow Duck-Wing Game.

COLOR OF COCK.

HEAD. Straw-colored yellow.

EYES. Red or deep bay.

COMB, FACE, AND JAWS. Bright red.

NECK HACKLE. Clear straw color, free from black stripes.

BACK, SHOULDER COVERTS, AND BOW OF THE WING. Rich, uniform, bright copper, or maroon, the more even, clear, and unmixed in color the better.

WING BUTTS. Black.

WING GREATER AND LESSER COVERTS. Steel blue, or metallic black, forming a wide bar across the wing.

WING PRIMARIES. Straw-white on the outside web, dark on the inside web.

WING SECONDARIES. White on the outside web, dark on the inside, and the end of the feathers.

SADDLE. Straw color.

BREAST, UNDER PART OF BODY, AND THIGHS. Rich black.

TAIL. Black.

SICKLE FEATHERS AND TAIL COVERTS. Rich metallic green-black.

LEGS. Willow, olive, yellow, or blue.

COLOR OF HEN.

HEAD. Gray.

COMB, FACE, DEAF EAR, AND WATTLES. Bright red.

NECK. White, striped with black.

BREAST. Salmon red, shading off to ashy gray towards the thighs.

BACK AND SHOULDER COVERTS. Bluish or slaty gray, shaft of feather white.

WING SHOULDER AND BOW. Slaty or bluish gray; shaft of feather white; red or brown on the wing very objectionable.

WING COVERTS AND FLIGHT. Slaty or bluish gray.

TAIL. Dark gray, the inside approaching black.

THIGHS. Ashy gray.

LEGS. To match those of the cock when shown in pairs or trios.

Silver Duck-Wing Game.

COLOR OF COCK.

HEAD. Silvery white.

EYES. Red or deep bay.

FACE, JAWS, AND COMB. Bright red.

NECK. Hackle clear white, without any mixture of black or other color.

BREAST, UNDER PARTS OF BODY, AND THIGHS. Black.

BACK AND SHOULDER COVERTS. Silvery white.

SADDLE. Clear white.

WING BUTTS. Black.

WING BOW. Silvery white.

WING COVERTS. Steel blue, forming a wide bar across the wing.

WING PRIMARIES. White on the outside web, dark on the inside web.

WING SECONDARIES. Clear white on the outside web, black on the inside web, and on the end of the feathers.

TAIL. Black.

SICKLE FEATHERS AND TAIL COVERTS. Metallic green-black.

LEGS. Willow, olive, bronze, or blue.

COLOR OF HEN.

HEAD. Silvery gray.

EYES. Red or deep bay.

COMB, FACE, DEAF EAR, AND WATTLES. Bright red.

NECK. Silver, striped with black.

BREAST. Salmon.

BACK AND SHOULDER COVERTS. Silvery or ashy gray; shaft of feathers white.

WING BOW. Ashy gray; shaft of feather white; red or brown on the wing very objectionable.

WING FLIGHTS AND COVERTS. Gray.

TAIL. Dark gray, approaching black.

THIGHS. Ashy gray.

LEGS. To match those of the cock when shown in pairs or trios.

Pile Game.

COLOR OF COCK.

HEAD. Deep chestnut red.

EYES. Red or brown.

COMB AND JAWS. Rich bright red.

NECK HACKLE AND SADDLE. Light chestnut red on the outside of the web of the feather; the middle of each feather white towards the end.

BREAST. Higher part marbled red and white; lower part white or entirely white.

BACK, SHOULDER COVERTS, AND BOW OF THE WING. Rich uniform red.

GREATER OR LESSER WING COVERTS. White, edged with red.

WING SECONDARIES. Red on the outside web, white on the inside web, with a white spot on the end of the feather.

WING PRIMARIES. White.

THIGHS. White.

TAIL. White.

LEGS. Yellow, willow, or white.

COLOR OF HEN.

COMB, FACE, DEAF EAR, AND WATTLES. Bright red.

EYES. Red or brown.

NECK. Chestnut and white.

BREAST. Chestnut red on the front part, mottled with white on the lower part.

THIGHS AND TAIL. White.

REMAINDER OF PLUMAGE. White, penciled with light chestnut red.

LEGS. To match those of cock when shown in pairs or trios.

White Game.

COMB, FACE, DEAF EAR, AND WATTLES. Bright red. The whole plumage clear white. The cock's plumage as free from yellow tinge as possible.

EYES. Red.

LEGS. Yellow or white.

Black Game.

COMB, FACE, DEAF EAR, AND WATTLES. Bright red.

EYES. Black or brown.

The whole of the plumage glossy black, with a metallic lustre on cock's hackle, back, saddle, wings, and tail.

LEGS. Bronzy black, dark olive, or leaden black.

Gray Game.

COLOR OF COCK.

HEAD. Silvery white.

COMB, FACE, AND DEAF EAR. Bright red.

EYES. Deep bay or brown.

NECK HACKLE. Silver gray.

BACK AND SHOULDER COVERTS. Silver gray.

SADDLE. Gray.

WING BUTTS. Black or dark gray.

WING SHOULDER AND BOW. Silver gray.

WING COVERTS. Rich glossy black.

WING PRIMARIES. Dusky black.

WING SECONDARIES. Black, with metallic lustre towards end of feathers.

TAIL. Black.

SICKLE FEATHERS AND TAIL COVERTS. Rich glossy black.

BREAST. Black; shaft of feathers silver gray, color becoming darker as it approaches the lower part of the thighs.

THIGHS. Dusky black.

LEGS. Dark willow or bronzy black.

COLOR OF HEN.

HEAD. Dusky gray.

COMB, FACE, DEAF EAR, AND WATTLES. Bright red.

EYES. Deep bay or brown.

NECK. Silver gray, striped with black. Remainder of plumage very dark gray, approaching black.

LEGS. To match those of cock when shown in pairs or trios.

DISQUALIFICATIONS.

Color of legs or plumage not matching in pens when shown in pairs or trios; crooked backs or breasts; adult cocks not dubbed.

POINTS IN GAMES.

Shape of head and neck,	15
Body and wings,	15
Tail,	10
Thighs, legs, and toes,	15
Color of plumage,	15
Station,	15
Condition and hardiness of plumage,	15
	100

GAME BANTAMS.

GENERAL SHAPE AND COLOR.

The same as in corresponding varieties of game fowl.

POINTS IN GAME BANTAMS.

Smallness of size,	20
Color,	15
Shape of head and neck,	15
Shape of body and wings,	15
Shape of tail,	10
Shape of thighs, legs and toes,	15
Condition,	10
	100

DISQUALIFICATIONS.

Cocks above 24 ounces, or hens above 20 ounces; adult cocks undubbed; color of legs or plumage not matching in pen when shown in pairs or trios.

LEGHORNS.

White Leghorns.

THE COCK.

BEAK. Yellow, rather long and stout.

COMB. Bright red, medium, and firmly planted erect; single, straight, and free from twists or falling over to either side; deeply serrated (having but five points), extending well back over the head, and free from side sprigs or excrescences.

HEAD. Short and deep.

EYE. Red, full and bright.

FACE. Bright red, free from wrinkles or folds.

EAR LOBES. White, or creamy white, rather pendant, thin, fitting close to the head; smooth and free from folds and wrinkles.

WATTLES. Bright red, long, thin, and pendulous.

NECK. Long and well hackled.

BREAST. Full, round, and carried well forward.

BODY. Rather broad, but heaviest forward.

WINGS. Large, and carried well up.

THIGHS. Medium length and rather slender.

TAIL. Large and full, carried very upright; sickle feathers large and well curved.

LEGS. Long, bright yellow.

FEET AND TOE NAILS. Yellow.

PLUMAGE. Pure white throughout.

CARRIAGE. Upright and pleasing.

DISQUALIFICATIONS.

Comb falling over to one side or twisted, red ear lobe; plumage any other color than pure white, or with a straw-colored tinge on hackle and saddle; legs other than yellow.

THE HEN.

BEAK. Yellow, rather long and stout.

COMB. Bright red, medium, single, and drooping to one side; serrated and free from side sprigs.

HEAD. Short and deep.

EYES. Red, large, full and bright.

FACE. Bright red, free from wrinkles or folds.

EAR LOBES. White, or creamy white, rather pendant, thin, and fitting close to the head; smooth and free from folds or wrinkles.

WATTLES. Bright red, thin, and rounded on lower edge.

NECK. Long and graceful.

BREAST. Full and round.

BODY. Deep, broader in front than back.

WING. Long and well folded up.

TAIL. Long and full, carried very upright.

THIGHS. Rather long and slender.

LEGS. Long, bright yellow.

FEET AND TOE NAILS. Yellow.

PLUMAGE. Pure white, the more free from a yellow tinge the better.

CARRIAGE. Not as upright as the cock.

POINTS.

Symmetry,	15
Size,	10
Comb,	12
Ear Lobe,	18
Beak,	5
Breast,	5
Legs,	5
Tail,	5
Plumage,	15
Condition,	10
	100

DISQUALIFICATIONS.

Duplicature of comb, prick-combed, red ear-lobe; plumage the least marked, or any other color than white; legs any other color than yellow.

Brown Leghorns.

THE COCK.

BEAK. Yellow, with a dark stripe.

COMB. Bright red, medium and firmly planted, erect, straight, and free from twists or falling over to either side, deeply serrated, and having but five points, extending well

back over the head, and free from side sprigs or any excrescences.

HEAD. Good size, and carried high up at back; dark reddish bay, shading into a light tinge on the neck.

EYES. Red, large, full and bright.

FACE. Bright red, free from wrinkles or folds.

FAR LOBES. White or creamy white, rather pendant, thin, fitting close to the head, smooth, and free from folds and wrinkles.

WATTLES. Bright red, long, thin, and pendulous.

NECK. Long, well arched, well hackled, the hackle a rich golden red, each feather striped with black.

BACK, SHOULDER COVERTS, AND WING BOW. Very dark red, approaching black on the lower part of back, each feather striped with golden bay.

BREAST. Full, broad, and carried well forward; black.

BODY. Rather broad, but heaviest forward; under part black.

WINGS. Large, and carried well up; primaries black, each feather edged with brown; secondaries, black, with the outside web broadly edged with brown; coverts, rich greenish black, forming a well-defined bar across the wing.

THIGHS. Medium length, and stout; black.

TAIL. Large and full, carried upright; sickle feathers, large and well curved; clear rich greenish black; coverts, rich black, with a metallic green reflection.

LEGS. Medium length; bright yellow.

FEET. Yellow, with a small dark stripe down each toe, the smaller the better.

TOE NAILS. Brown.

CARRIAGE. Upright and pleasing.

DISQUALIFICATIONS.

Comb falling over or twisted; red ear-lobe; legs other than yellow; white or partly white feathers in cockerels; white

feathers in cock highly objectionable; but not a disqualification.

THE HEN.

BEAK. Yellow, striped with black, rather long and stout.

COMB. Bright red, medium, single, and drooping to one side, serrated, and free from side sprigs.

HEAD. Medium size, fine, dark, the feathers striped with black.

EYES. Red, large, full and bright.

FACE. Bright red, free from wrinkles or folds.

EAR LOBE. White, or creamy white, rather pendant, thin, and fitting close to the head, smooth and free from folds or wrinkles.

WATTLES. Bright red, thin, and rounded on lower edge.

NECK. Medium in length, graceful; yellowish brown feathers, minutely penciled with black, leaving a golden fringe-like margin of one-third the width of the web.

BACK. Brown, irregularly penciled with black, the shaft of each feather a light salmon.

BREAST. Full and round; dark salmon-brown, the color shading into a lighter tint under the body.

BODY. Deep, broader in front than back.

WINGS. Large and carried well up, primaries, dull black, edged with brown; secondaries, inside web black, outside a rich brown, irregularly penciled with black; coverts, black, irregularly penciled with brown.

THIGHS. Stout, medium in length; ashy brown.

LEGS. Medium in length; bright yellow.

FEET. Yellow, with small dark stripe down each toe, the smaller the better.

TOE NAILS. Brown.

TAIL. Black; coverts, black, penciled with brown.

CARRIAGE. Not as upright as in cock.

DISQUALIFICATIONS.

Duplicature of comb; pricked comb; red ear lobe; white or partially white or black feathers in any part of body.

POINTS.

Symmetry,	15
Size,	10
Comb,	12
Ear Lobe,	18
Beak,	5
Breast,	5
Legs,	5
Tail,	5
Plumage,	15
Condition,	10
	100

Dominique Leghorns.

THE COCK.

BEAK. Yellow and stout.

COMB. Bright red, medium, and firmly planted, erect, single, and free from twists or falling over to either side; deeply serrated and having but five points; extending well back over the head and free from side sprigs or excrescences.

HEAD. Short and deep.

EYES. Red, large, full and bright.

FACE. Bright red, and free from wrinkles or folds.

EAR LOBES. White, or creamy white, rather pendant, thin, fitting close to the head; smooth and free from folds or wrinkles.

WATTLES. Bright red, long, thin and pendulous.

NECK. Long and well hackled.

BREAST. Full, round, and carried well forward.

BODY. Rather broad and heaviest forward.

WINGS. Large, and carried well up.

THIGHS. Medium length and rather slender.

TAIL. Large and full, carried very upright; sickle feathers large and well curved.

LEGS. Long, bright yellow.

FEET AND TOE NAILS. Yellow.

PLUMAGE. Light, slaty blue ground shade, each feather barred or penciled across with bands of dark, slaty blue, free from white, black or red feathers.

CARRIAGE AND APPEARANCE. Upright and pleasing.

DISQUALIFICATIONS IN COCK.

Combs falling over to one side or twisted; red ear-lobe; white, red, or black feathers in any part; legs other than yellow.

THE HEN.

BEAK. Yellow, rather long and stout.

COMB. Bright red, medium, single, and drooping to one side; serrated and free from side sprigs.

HEAD. Short and deep.

EYES. Red, large, full and bright.

FACE. Bright red, free from wrinkles or folds.

EAR LOBES. White, or creamy white, rather pendant, thin, and fitting close to the head; smooth and free from folds or wrinkles.

WATTLES. Bright red, thin, and rounded on the lower edge.

NECK. Long and graceful.

BREAST. Full and round.

BODY. Deep, broader in front than back.

WINGS. Large, and carried well up.

TAIL. Large and full, carried very upright.

THIGHS. Rather long and slender.
LEGS. Bright yellow
PLUMAGE. Same as cook.
FEET AND TOE NAILS. Yellow

DISQUALIFICATIONS OF DOMINIQUE HEN.

Duplicature of comb, red ear lobes, pricked comb, white, black or red feathers in any part of the body; legs other than yellow

POINTS.

Symmetry,	15
Size,	10
Comb,	12
Ear Lobe,	18
Beak,	5
Breast,	5
Legs,	5
Tail,	5
Plumage,	15
Condition,	10
	100

Black Leghorns.

THE COCK.

BEAK. Yellow, with a dark stripe.
COMB. Bright red, medium, and firmly planted, erect, straight, and free from twists or falling over to either side, deeply serrated and having but five points, extending well back over the head, and free from side sprigs or excrescences.
HEAD. Short and deep.
EYES. Red, large, full and bright.
FACE. Bright red and free from wrinkles.

EAR LOBES. White, or creamy white, rather pendant, thin, fitting close to the head, smooth, and free from folds and wrinkles.

WATTLES. Bright red, long, thin, and pendulous.

NECK. Long and well hackled.

BREAST. Full, broad, and carried well forward.

BODY. Broad, heaviest forward.

WINGS. Large, and carried well up.

THIGHS. Medium length and rather slender.

LEGS. Long and bright yellow

FEET. Yellow, with a dark stripe down each toe, the smaller the better.

TOE NAILS. Brown.

TAIL. Large and full, carried upright; sickle feathers large and well curved.

PLUMAGE. Rich black, with a greenish, metallic reflection.

CARRIAGE. Upright and pleasing.

DISQUALIFICATIONS.

Comb falling over on one side or twisted, red ear lobe, legs other than yellow, white or red feathers, or partially so, in any part of the plumage.

THE HEN.

BEAK. Yellow, with a dark stripe, rather long and stout.

COMB. Bright red, medium, single, and drooping to one side, serrated, and free from side sprigs.

HEAD. Medium in size, fine.

EYES. Red, large, full and bright.

EAR LOBE. White, or creamy white, rather pendant, thin, and fitting close to the head, smooth, and free from folds or wrinkles.

WATTLES. Bright red, thin, and round on the lower edge.

NECK. Large and graceful.

BREAST. Full and round.

BODY. Deep, broader in front than back.

WINGS. Large, and carried well up.

THIGHS. Long and slender.

LEGS. Long and bright yellow.

FEET. Yellow, with a dark stripe down each toe, the smaller the better.

TOE NAILS. Brown.

TAIL. Large and full, carried very upright; feathers broad.

PLUMAGE. Rich black, with a greenish, metallic reflection.

CARRIAGE. Upright and pleasing.

POINTS.

Symmetry,	15
Size,	10
Comb,	12
Ear Lobe,	18
Beak,	5
Breast,	5
Legs,	5
Tail,	5
Plumage,	15
Condition,	10
	100

DISQUALIFICATIONS.

Duplicature of comb, prick-comb, red ear lobe, white, or partially white, or red feathers in any part of the plumage.

AMERICAN DOMINIQUES.

THE COCK.

COMB. Double, square in front, fitting close and straight on the head, top covered with small points, with a peak behind turning slightly upwards.

WATTLES. Broad and full, well rounded on the lower edge.

BEAK. Bright yellow, short, stout at base, tapering to the point.

EYE. Large, bright, and clear.

HEAD. Medium size, carried well up.

DEAF EAR. Red.

NECK. Medium length, finely tapered, well hackled.

BREAST. Very broad, deep, and full.

BODY. Large, very square, compactly built.

WINGS. Medium size, carried up; bow and tip covered with breast and saddle feathers.

TAIL. Full, expanded, sickle feathers carried medium height and well curved.

THIGH. Large and strong.

LEGS. Rather short, stout, well spread apart, free from feathers, and bright yellow in color.

COLOR OF PLUMAGE. Light, slaty blue ground shade; each feather barred or penciled across with bands of dark, slaty blue, free from white, black or red feathers.

CARRIAGE AND APPEARANCE. Very upright, noble and grand.

THE HEN.

COMB. Same as cock, but much smaller.

WATTLES. Small and well rounded.

BEAK. Bright yellow, short and stout.

EYE. Large, bright and clear.

HEAD. Small and very neat.

DEAF EAR. Red.

BREAST. Round and full.

TAIL. Full, well carried, expanded.

LEGS. Short and neat, bright yellow and free from feathers.

COLOR OF PLUMAGE. Same as in cock.

DISQUALIFICATIONS.

Legs any color but yellow, or legs feathered; comb other than double; ear lobe other than red; splashes of white in breast or back; fowls not matching in pen; red or brassy feathers in hackle or saddle of cock, or neck of hen; tail squirrel-style in cock or hen. Beak any color but yellow highly objectionable.

POINTS.

Symmetry,	20
Size,	15
Comb,	15
Head,	5
Legs,	5
Tail,	5
Plumage,	25
Condition,	10
	100

PLYMOUTH ROCKS.

THE COCK.

COMB. Single, fine, rather small, perfectly straight, upright, with well defined serrations, perfectly free from side sprigs.

BEAK. Short and stout at base, tapering to the point.

HEAD. Medium size, carried well up.

EYE. Large, bright and very clear.

WATTLES. Medium size, and well rounded on lower edge.

NECK. Medium length, finely tapered, and well hackled.

BREAST. Very broad, deep and full.

BODY. Very square and compactly built.

BACK. Very broad.

WINGS. Medium size, and carried well up, bow and tip covered by breast and saddle feathers.

TAIL. Rather small, with plenty of short, well curved feathers, carried horizontally.

THIGH. Very large and strong.

LEGS. Medium length, stout and bony, well spread apart, perfectly free from feathers, bright yellow in color

FEET. Four toes, stout and strong.

COLOR OF PLUMAGE. Dark or light steel grey all over, and free from splashes of red, black, or white feathers in any part of plumage.

CARRIAGE AND APPEARANCE. Very upright, noble and grand.

THE HEN.

COMB. Single, small, low in form, erect, perfectly straight, with small serrations.

BEAK. Small and tapering.

HEAD. Medium size, and very neat.

EYE. Very bright and clear.

WATTLES. Small and well rounded.

NECK. Short and finely tapered.

BREAST. Very full and broad.

BACK. Broad, the neck feathers flowing well over the shoulders, and saddle feathers quite full

WINGS. Medium size, bow and tip well covered with breast and saddle feathers.

TAIL. Small, carried horizontally, rather pointed.

THIGH. Large and well covered with fluffy feathers.

LEGS. Medium length, stout, standing well apart, free from feathering, and bright yellow.

TOES. Straight, strong, and four in number.

PLUMAGE. Dark or steel, mottled black and white; black and white bar well defined across each feather; evenly marked all over as possible up to bill.

CARRIAGE AND APPEARANCE. Very active and pleasing.

POINTS.

Symmetry,	20
Size,	20
Color of plumage,	25
Head,	5
Comb,	10
Tail,	5
Leg,	5
Condition,	10
	100

DISQUALIFICATIONS.

Deformity of any kind; birds not matching in pen; feathers on legs, or any color but bright yellow; cock showing reddish hackle, wing or saddle feathers; lopped or crooked combs very objectionable.

BLACK SPANISH.

THE COCK.

BEAK. Dark, horn color, rather long and stout.

COMB. Bright red, large, single, stiff, erect, straight, free from twists in front or falling over to either side at the back, deeply serrated, rising from the beak betwixt the fore part of the nostrils and extending in an arched form over the back of the head, free from excrescences or side sprigs, and not too great thickness at the edge.

HEAD. Long, broad, and deep-sided.

EYES. Large, the sight perfectly free, and not obstructed by the white.

FACE. Pure opaque white, long and deep, the greater depth of surface the better, providing it is smooth, free from wrinkles, and the sight not obstructed, rising well over the eye toward the comb in an arched form, extending toward the back of the head and also to the base of the beak, covering the cheeks and joining the ear lobes and wattles.

EAR LOBES. Pure, opaque white, very large and pendant, rather thin, smooth, well expanded and free from folds or wrinkles, extending well on each side of the neck, hanging down very low, not pointed, but regularly rounded in the lower part and meeting in front behind the wattles.

WATTLES. Bright red, very long, thin, ribbon-like and pendulous; the inside of the upper part and skin betwixt, white.

NECK. Long, well hackled.

BREAST. Round, full, and prominent.

BACK. Slanting down to the tail.

BODY. Wedge-shaped, narrowing to the tail.

WINGS. Large, carried well up to the body.

TAIL. Large, expanded, and rather upright, but not carried over the back, or squirrel-tailed.

SICKLE FEATHERS. Large and well curved.

THIGHS. Long and slender.

LEGS. Long, dark leaden blue, or blue.

PLUMAGE. Rich, glossy black, having a metallic, green lustre on the hackle, back wings, saddle, tail coverts, and sickle feathers.

CARRIAGE. Bold and upright.

DISQUALIFICATIONS IN SPANISH COCKS.

COMB. Falling over to one side or twisted in front over the nostrils.

FACE. So puffy as to obstruct the sight; decided red mark above the eye.

PLUMAGE. Of any other color than black, or metallic green black.

LEGS. Of any other color than dark leaden blue, or blue.

THE HEN.

BEAK. Dark, horn color, long.

COMB. Bright red, large, single, serrated, drooping over to one side of the face, free from side sprigs or duplicature.

HEAD. Long and deep.

EYE. Large.

FACE. Pure opaque white, smooth and free from wrinkles, with great breadth of surface, rising well over the eye in an arched form, extending well towards the back of the head and also to the beak, covering the cheek and joining the ear lobes and wattles.

EAR LOBE. Pure opaque white, large, pendant, smooth well expanded, free from wrinkles, regularly rounded on the lower edge.

NECK. Long and graceful.

BREAST. Round and full.

BACK. Slanting down to the tail.

WINGS. Ample, carried close up to the body.

TAIL. Large, carried rather upright, but not over the back, the two highest feathers slightly curved, especially in pullets.

THIGHS. Long and slender.

LEGS. Long, dark leaden blue or blue.

PLUMAGE. Black, with a reddish, metallic lustre on the back and wings.

CARRIAGE. Upright, movement quick.

DISQUALIFICATIONS IN SPANISH HENS.

Duplicature of comb, comb small and erect (prick-combed); decided red mark over the eye; plumage of any other color

than black or metallic black; legs of any other color than blue, or dark leaden blue; birds that are trimmed in any part whatever.

POINTS IN SPANISH FOWLS.

Symmetry,	15
Size,	10
Comb,	10
Face,	15
Ear Lobe,	10
Breast—depth and breadth,	10
Wings,	5
Thighs, legs, and feet,	5
Tail,	5
Condition of plumage,	15
	100

ANDALUSIAN.

THE COCK.

HEAD. Rather long, and sufficient size to form foundation for comb.

COMB. Rather large, firm, serrated, and erect, with wattles in good proportion.

FACE. Red.

EAR LOBES. White.

NECK. Long, with short flowing hackle of bluish purple or blue.

BREAST. Full and well rounded.

TAIL. Carried high; sickle feathers well arched, and the whole supported with saddle feathers of a darker hue than neck hackle.

LEGS. Rather long and of a slate blue color.

PLUMAGE. Of the body, bluish slate or pale blue color; outer edge of feathers having a very narrow dark purple or black line defining shape of feathers.

THE HEN.

HEAD. The same as cock, but proportionately small.

COMB. Large, folding over to one side; of a soft, delicate texture and neatly serrated.

FACE AND EAR LOBES. Same as cock.

NECK. Shorter than in cock, with hackle not so abundant and of a lighter shade.

BREAST. Plump and full.

LEGS. Trim and of a slaty blue.

PLUMAGE. Same as cock, softer in shadings.

POINTS.

Symmetry,	10
Head, comb, and wattles,	15
Face and ear lobes,	20
Size,	10
Breast, fluff, and color thereof,	10
Neck, back, tail, and color thereof,	15
Wing and color thereof,	10
Condition,	10
	100

DISQUALIFICATIONS IN THE ANDALUSIAN.

Comb, falling over to one side or twisted in front over the nostrils; legs, other color than a slate blue color; birds not matching in pen; ear lobes, other than white.

HAMBURGS.

GENERAL SHAPE.

THE COCK.

BEAK. Medium size.

COMB. Double, not so large as to overhang the eyes or beak, square in front, fitting close and straight on the head, without inclining to either side, no hollow in the center, uniform on each side, the top covered over with small points, with a peak behind, inclining very slightly upward.

HEAD. Rather short and small.

EYES. Full and quick.

DEAF-EAR. Not pendant, but fitting close to the face, flat, of medium size, round and even on the surface.

WATTLES. Broad, thin, well rounded on the lower edge.

NECK. Taper, the higher part carried well over the back, the hackle full, the lower part flowing well on to the shoulders.

BREAST. Round, full and prominent, carried well forward.

BACK. Short, well furnished with saddle feathers.

WINGS. Ample, points carried rather low.

TAIL. Full expanded, sickle feathers well curved.

THIGHS. Short and neat.

LEGS. Slender, rather short, very neat and taper.

PLUMAGE. Rich and glossy.

CARRIAGE. Upright and strutting graceful, quick and restless.

THE HEN.

BEAK. Rather small.

COMB. Same shape as that of the cock but very much less, smaller in the penciled than in spangled verieties.

HEAD. Small and very neat.

EYES. Full and very quick.

DEAF EAR. Small, flat, rounded in the lower part, fitting close to the face and not pendant.

WATTLES. Small, thin, rounded on the lower edge.

NECK. Taper and very graceful.

BREAST. Broad, plump, and carried forward.

BACK. Rather short, but not so much so in appearance as in the cock.

WINGS. Ample, carried very neatly to the body.

TAIL. Full, expanded and well carried.

THIGHS. Short and neat.

LEGS. Very slender, neat, and taper.

PLUMAGE. Close and glossy.

CARRIAGE. Graceful, quick, and restless.

Golden Pencilled Hamburgs.

COLOR OF COCK.

COMB, FACE, AND WATTLES. Rich red.

DEAF EAR. Pure opaque white, free from red on the edge.

HEAD AND HACKLE. Clear reddish bay.

BACK, SADDLE, BOW OF THE WING. Shoulder and wing coverts rich deep reddish bay.

FLIGHT. Reddish bay on the outside web, black on the inside web.

SECONDARIES. Reddish bay on the outside web, the inside penciled across with broad black marks, each feather ending with a rich black spot.

BREAST AND THIGHS. Reddish bay.

TAIL. Black.

SICKLE FEATHERS AND TAIL COVERTS. Rich black down the middle of the feather, the entire length edged with bronze, each bronze edge as near one-fourth the width of the feather as possible. The more distinct the two colors the better.

LEGS. Slaty blue.

COLOR OF HEN.

COMB, FACE, AND WATTLES. Rich red.

DEAF-EAR. Pure opaque white, free from red on the edge.

HEAD AND NECK. Clear deep golden bay.

REMAINDER OF THE PLUMAGE. Clear deep golden bay, free from either lacing or mossing; each feather (including tail feathers) distinctly penciled across with rich black. The penciling not to follow the outline of the feather, but to go straight across on each side of the shaft, the two colors distinct, well defined, and not shading into each other.

LEGS. Slaty blue.

Silver Penciled Hamburgs.

The same standard will apply to the Silver Penciled Hamburgs, substituting a clear, silvery white ground for a golden one. The Silver Cock as free as possible from yellow tinge.

Penciled Hamburgs.

POINTS IN COCKS.

Symmetry,	15
Comb,	20
Deaf-ear,	15
Color of plumage, except tail, sickle feathers and tail coverts,	20
Color of tail, sickle feathers and tail coverts,	20
Condition,	10
	100

POINTS IN HEN.

Symmetry,	15
Comb,	15
Deaf ear,	15
Purity of color in head and neck,	20
Purity of ground color, and accurate and distinct penciling in every part, except the head and neck,	25
Condition,	10
	100

DISQUALIFICATIONS IN GOLDEN AND SILVER PENCILED HAMBURGS.

Hen-feathered cocks, crooked backs, wry or squirrel tails, combs single or falling over to one side, red deaf ears, shanks of any other color than blue.

Golden Spangled Hamburgs.

THE COCK.

COMB, FACE, AND WATTLES. Rich bright red.

DEAF EAR. Opaque white.

HEAD. Deep reddish bay.

HACKLE. Rich, deep, golden bay; each feather striped down the center with rich green black. Each color well defined and not clouded.

BREAST, UNDER PART OF BODY, AND THIGHS. Golden bay, free from mossing or lacing, each feather ending with a distinct, large, round, rich green, black moon or spangle, as little tipped with white as possible, the moons increasing in size in proportion to the size of the feathers.

BACK AND SHOULDER COVERTS. Rich deep reddish bay, distinctly spangled with rich metallic black; the texture of the feather giving the spangle a starry or rayed appearance.

SADDLE. Rich reddish golden bay, each feather striped down the center with rich metallic green black.

WING BOW. Rich reddish golden bay, distinctly spangled with black.

WING BARS. The greater and lesser wing coverts clear reddish golden bay, free from lacing, each feather ending with a large, round green-black spangle, forming two distinct parallel green-black bars across the wing.

WING PRIMARIES. Bay, ending with a black spot.

WING SECONDARIES. Rich golden bay, each feather ending with a rich green-black spot.

TAIL. Black.

SICKLE FEATHERS AND TAIL COVERTS. Rich green-black.

LEGS. Slaty blue.

THE HEN.

COMB, FACE, AND WATTLES. Rich bright red.

DEAF EAR. Opaque white.

HEAD. Golden bay, distinctly tipped with black.

NECK. Golden bay, each feather distinctly striped down the center with rich green-black, the colors distinct and not clouded.

BREAST, UNDER PART OF BODY AND THIGHS.—Golden bay, free from mossing or lacing, each feather ending with a distinct, large, round, rich, green-black moon or spangle, as little tipped with white as possible, the moons increasing in size in proportion to the size of the feathers.

BACK, SHOULDER COVERTS, AND RUMP. Rich clear golden bay, free from mossing or lacing, each feather ending with a distinct, large, round, rich, green-black spangle.

WING BOW. Rich clear golden bay, each feather ending with a distinct, round, rich, green-black spangle.

WING BARS, GREATER AND LESSER WING COVERTS. Rich clear golden bay, free from lacing, each feather ending

with a large, round, rich, green-black spangle, forming two distinct, parallel, green-black bars across the wing.

WING PRIMARIES. Golden bay, each feather ending with a black spangle.

WING SECONDARIES. Golden bay, each feather ending with a rich green-black half-moon or crescent-shaped spangle.

TAIL. Black.

TAIL COVERTS. Golden bay, free from mossing or lacing, each feather ending with a rich green-black spangle.

LEGS. Slaty blue.

Silver Spangled Hamburgs.

THE COCK.

COMB, FACE, AND WATTLES. Rich bright red.

DEAF EAR. Opaque white.

HEAD. Silvery white.

HACKLE. Silvery white, free from yellow tinge, the longest feathers ending with a small black spangle.

BREAST, UNDER PART OF BODY AND THIGHS. Clear silvery white, free from mossing or lacing, each feather ending with a distinct, large, round, rich, green-black moon or spangle, as little tipped with white as possible, the moons increasing in size in proportion to the size of the feathers.

BACK AND SHOULDER COVERTS. Pure white, free from yellow tinge, distinctly spangled with black, the texture of the feather giving the spangle a starry or rayed appearance.

SADDLE. Silvery white, free from yellow, the largest feathers ending with a small black spangle.

WING BOW. Pure white, distinctly spangled with black spangles.

WING BARS. The greater and lesser wing coverts silvery white, free from lacing, each feather ending in a large green-

black moon or spangle, forming two distinct parallel black bars across the wing.

Wing Primaries. Pure white, each feather ending with a distinct black spangle.

Wing Secondaries. Pure white, each feather ending in a half-moon shaped green-black spot.

Tail. White on outside, each feather ending in a large black spangle.

Sickle Feathers and Tail Coverts. White, each feather ending with a rich green-black spangle.

Legs. Slaty blue.

THE HEN.

Comb, Face, and Wattles. Rich bright red.

Deaf Ear. Opaque white.

Head. Silvery white, distinctly spangled, with small black spangles.

Neck. Clear silvery white, each feather distinctly striped towards the end with rich black. Each color well defined and not clouded.

Breast, under part of Body and Thighs. Clear silvery white, free from mossing or lacing, each feather ending with a distinct, large, round, rich, green-black moon or spangle, the moons increasing in size in proportion to the size of the feathers.

Back, Shoulder Coverts, and Rump. Clear silvery white, free from mossing or lacing, each feather ending with a distinct, large, round, rich green-black moon or spangle.

Wing Bow. Clear silvery white, each feather ending with a distinct, round, rich, green-black spangle.

Wing Bars. Greater and lesser wing coverts clear silvery white, free from lacing or mossing, each feather ending with a large round green-black spangle, forming two distinct parallel black bars across the wing.

Wing Primaries. White, each feather ending with a distinct black spangle.

WING SECONDARIES. Clear silvery white, each feather ending with a large half-moon shaped green-black spangle, termed by some fanciers "lacing on the top of the wing."

TAIL. White on the outside, each feather ending with a large, round, black spangle.

TAIL COVERTS. Clear silvery white, free from mossing or lacing, each feather ending with a distinct, large, round green-black spangle.

LEGS. Slaty blue.

In both Golden and Silver Spangled Hamburgs, the hens in a pen must match in size of marking and depth of color, etc.

POINTS IN SPANGLED HAMBURG COCKS.

Symmetry, - - -	15
Comb, -	15
Deaf Ear, -	10
Colors, and marking of head, hackle, back, saddle and tail, -	20
Breast, under part of body and thighs,	15
Wings and bars, -	15
Condition, - -	10
	100

POINTS IN SPANGLED HAMBURG HENS.

Symmetry, -	15
Comb, - -	15
Deaf Ear, -	10
Color and marking of neck, -	10
Remainder of plumage (except tail in Golden) clearness of ground, color, evenness and distinctness of splangling, with rich, large, round spangles, -	25
Bars, - - - - -	15
Condition, - - - - - - - - - -	10
	100

DISQUALIFICATIONS.

Hen-feathered cocks, crooked backs, wry or squirrel tails. Combs single or falling over to one side, markings white, crescent-shaped instead of round; red deaf ears; birds without distinct bars across the wing. Legs of any other color than blue.

White Hamburgs.

Same as Black Hamburgs, excepting that plumage and legs are described as follows:

PLUMAGE. Pure white.
LEGS. Light flesh color.

And in the paragraph on disqualifications, after the word except, substitute light flesh color for blue or dark leaden blue.

Black Hamburgs.

COMB, FACE, AND WATTLES. Rich bright red, the face perfectly free from white.

DEAF EAR. Pure opaque white, round and small, fitting close to the face, not pendant.

PLUMAGE. Very rich glossy green-black.

LEGS. Blue or dark leaden blue.

POINTS IN WHITE AND BLACK HAMBURGS.

Comb,	15
Head and face,	10
Deaf Ear,	15
Plumage,	25
Shape,	25
Condition,	10
	100

DISQUALIFICATIONS.

Comb falling over to one side or so large as to obstruct the sight, red deaf ears, crooked backs, wry or squirrel tails, or legs of any color except blue or dark leaden blue.

POLISH.

GENERAL SHAPE.

THE COCK.

CREST. Composed of feathers similar in texture to the hackle, and very large, flowing, thick, and well fitted on the crown of the head. It should rise well up in the front and fall down towards the side and back in a regular, even mass.

HEAD. With large protuberance on the top concealed by the large crest.

COMB. Brilliant red, two horned, like the letter **V** in shape, of small size, inclining *rather* backward into the crest. In the bearded varieties imperceptible.

EYE. Large, full, and bright.

DEAF EAR. Small, even on the surface, rounded on the lower edge.

WATTLES. In the unbearded varieties thin and pendulous. In the bearded varieties but slightly developed, the under side of the beak and throat being covered with a full, close, muffy beard.

NECK. Medium in length, slightly and neatly arched over the back, and well hackled.

BREAST. Deep and full, round, carried prominently forward.

BACK. Perfectly straight, wide betwixt the shoulders, and tapering to the tail. Hip bones even.

WINGS. Ample.

TAIL. Large, rather erect, expanded, and well adorned with sickle feathers.

THIGHS. Rather short in the White and White-crested Black, long in the spangled varieties.

CARRIAGE. Erect, strutting, and vain in each.

THE HEN.

CREST. Very large and round, straight on the head and inclining to either side, the surface close, firm, and even.

HEAD. Round, the protuberance concealed by the crest.

COMB. The less the better. In the bearded varieties almost imperceptible.

EYE. Large, full, and bright.

DEAF EAR. Small, even on the surface, and rounded on the lower edge.

WATTLES. In the unbearded varieties small and thin. In the bearded varieties none. Throat and underside of the beak being covered with a full close beard

NECK. Long and taper

BREAST Very full, round, and prominent.

BACK. Straight, the hip bones even.

WINGS. Ample.

TAIL. Large, broad, expanded at the end.

THIGHS. Short in the White-crested Black and White, rather long in the spangled varieties.

LEGS. Clean and neat, short in the White-crested Black, rather long in the spangled varieties.

CARRIAGE. Rather upright, coquettish, and inquisitive.

White-Crested Black Polish.

COLOR.

CREST. Pure white, the less black in front the better. The remainder of the plumage rich, glossy black.

DEAF EAR Pure opaque white.

POINTS IN WHITE-CRESTED BLACK.

Symmetry,	10
Size and shape of crest,	25
Crest of the purest white, and most free from black,	20
Deaf ear,	10
Richest black plumage,	10
Comb,	10
Condition and appearance,	10
Legs,	5
	100

DISQUALIFICATIONS.

In White-crested Black Polish, crooked backs, wry tails, white feathers in any part except the crest. Legs of any other color than dark leaden blue, or blue, which may, however be lighter in tint by age.

Golden Spangled Polish.

COLOR OF COCK.

CREST Golden bay, laced with black ; in adults white feathers may appear

HACKLE AND SADDLE. Golden bay, the end of each feather laced with black.

BREAST. Clear golden bay, free from mossing, each feather ending with a round, rich, black spangle, the spangle increasing in size in proportion and size of feather.

BACK, SHOULDER COVERTS, AND BOW OF WINGS. Rich golden bay, spangled with black, the texture of the feather giving the spangle a rayed appearance.

DEAF EAR. White.

BARS. Greater and lesser wing coverts golden bay, each feather laced on the edge with black, and ending with a large black spangle, forming two distinct black bars across the wing.

PRIMARIES. Bay, ending with a black spot.

SECONDARIES. Golden bay, with distinct crescent-shaped green-black spots on the end of each feather.

THIGHS. Bay, spangled with black.

TAIL. Rich golden bay, each feather ending with a rich black spot.

SICKLES. Rich golden bay, each feather ending with a rich black spot.

LEGS. Blue.

COLOR OF HEN.

CREST. Golden bay, each feather laced with black. In adults white feathers may appear.

NECK. Golden bay, laced with black.

DEAF EAR. White.

BREAST, UNDER BODY, AND THIGHS. Clear golden bay, free from mossing ; each feather ending with distinct, round, rich, black spangles. The spangles increasing in size in proportion to the size of the feather.

BACK AND SHOULDER COVERTS. Golden bay, each feather ending with a distinct round black spangle.

WING BOWS. Golden bay, each feather ending with a crescent-shaped black spangle.

WING COVERTS. Golden bay, each feather edged with black, and ending with a large black spangle, forming two distinct bars across the wing.

PRIMARIES. Bay, each feather ending in a black spot.

SECONDARIES. Golden bay, each feather ending in a crescent-shaped black mark.

TAIL. Bay, each feather ending in a large black spangle.

LEGS. Blue.

Silver Spangled Polish.

COLOR AND MARKINGS.

The same as in the Golden, substituting silvery white ground for golden bay.

POINTS IN GOLDEN AND SILVER POLISH.

Symmetry,	10
Size of crest, shape, and color,	25
Comb,	10
Deaf Ear,	10
Plumage, accurately marked according to the foregoing rules,	15
Purity of ground color,	5
Bars,	10
Condition,	10
Legs,	5
	100

DISQUALIFICATIONS.

Crooked back and wry tails. Legs any other color than blue, which may, however, be lighter in tint by age.

White Polish.

PLUMAGE. Pure white, or slightly tinged with golden yellow by age.

POINTS.

Symmetry,	10
Size and shape of crest,	25
Size and weight of bird,	15
Comb,	10
Deaf ear,	10
Purity of color,	15
Condition,	10
Legs,	5
	100

DISQUALIFICATIONS.

Color other than pure white, except as it may be slightly tinged with golden yellow by age; crooked backs, wry tail, legs any other color than blue, which may, however, be lighter in tint by age. Presence of colored feathers in any part.

SULTANS.

THE COCK.

CREST. Composed of hackle feathers, full, and arched over the eyes and round the head, full in center, and falling softly and evenly round at back, the front free from feathers falling forward, and neatly arched at both sides.

BEAK. Brilliant white, tinged with red at base, very curved, and with broad cavernous nostrils.

COMB. Invisible, or two small spikes, brilliantly red.

MUFFLING. Thick and close round the throat, meeting the crest, and crossing the face.

EYE. Bright, vivacious and intelligent

WATTLES. Small and rather shriveled.

NECK. Rather short, carried well back, very arched, and very thickly hackled.

BREAST. Deep, full, round, and carried well forward.

BODY Very square, deep, and carried low.

BACK. Straight, and rather broad

WINGS. Ample, and carried down.

TAIL. Large, erect, and well sickled.

THIGHS. Very short, and well feathered.

LEGS. Very short, feathered to the toes, with full, long, vulture hocks.

TOES. Straight, five in number.

COLOR OF PLUMAGE. Brilliantly white throughout.

CARRIAGE. Rather low, brisk, and vivacious.

THE HEN.

CREST. Full, round, close, and globular.

EYE. Bright and intelligent.

MUFFLING. Thick and close round the throat, going well back, covering the face, and meeting the crest.

BEAK. Curved, clear, transparent white.

Neck. Short, fully arched, very thickly feathered, and carried well back.

Breast. Full, deep, and prominent.

Back. Straight and broad.

Body. Very square, and carried low and forward.

Wings. Full, and carried low.

Tail. Large, erect, and well expanded.

Thighs. Very short, and well feathered.

Legs. Very short, feathered to the toes, with full, large, vulture hocks.

Toes. Five in number.

Color of Plumage. Brilliantly white throughout.

Carriage. Low, forward, brisk, and lively

POINTS IN SULTANS

Symmetry,	10
Crest,	25
Muffling,	25
Size,	10
Leg feathering,	15
Condition,	10
Legs,	5
	100

DISQUALIFICATIONS IN SULTANS.

Any color but white in the plumage, crooked crest, large red face, or absence of muffling, deficiency of leg feathering, or absence of vulture hocks, beak any other color than white, deformity of any kind.

HOUDANS.

THE COCK.

CREST. Composed of hackle feathers, full and well arched, falling back, right and left of comb, clear of the eye rather than over it.

COMB. Well developed, red and antler-like, inclining rather backward into the crest; the outside opening like two leaves of a book, the center having the appearance of an ill-shaped long strawberry.

BEAK. Curved, with nostrils wide and cavernous, as in Polish; dark horn color.

EYE. Large, full, bright, and lively; color various.

WATTLES. Thin, rather long, neatly rounded, and bright red.

MUFFLING OR BEARD. Full and thick under beak, and reaching well back in a curve to back of the eye.

FACE. Red, the less seen the better.

NECK. Medium length, well hackled and arched.

BREAST. Deep, full, and plump.

BACK. Wide and straight.

WINGS. Moderate, and carried well up.

TAIL. Moderate, erect, and well sickled.

THIGHS. The shorter the better.

LEGS. Medium in length, fine in bone, and white or pinkish white, mottled with lead color.

TOES. Five in number, the fifth curved upwards at back.

COLOR. Broken black and white, as evenly broken as possible, free from colored feathers, which, however, though highly objectionable, are not a disqualification.

CARRIAGE. Lively, brisk, well set up, and spirited.

THE HEN.

CREST. Large, compact, and even, as in Polish.

COMB. Bright-red, small, branching and coral-like.

EYE. Full and bright, color various.

WATTLES. Small, red, and neatly rounded.

MUFFLING.—Full, forming a thick beard reaching back to the eye.

NECK. Rather short, full feathered, and arched.

FACE. As in the cock.

BREAST. Full and deep.

BACK. Wide and straight.

WINGS. Moderate, and carried closely to body.

TAIL. Moderate and fan-like, carried well up.

THIGHS. Short.

LEGS. Same as in the cock.

TOES. Five in number, the hind or fifth claw curved upward.

COLOR. As in cock.

CARRIAGE. Brisk and rather upright.

POINTS IN HOUDANS.

Symmetry,	10
Size,	15
Crest,	10
Beard,	10
Comb,	10
Body—depth and breadth,	10
Legs,	5
Tail,	5
Plumage,	15
Condition,	10
	100

DISQUALIFICATIONS IN HOUDANS.

Absence of crest, muff, or fifth toe ; deformity of any kind ; main color, or ground color, other than black or white ; color not matching in pen ; red feathers in any part of the plumage.

CREVE-CŒURS.

THE COCK.

CREST. As in the Polish cock, but perfectly black; white feathers a defect, but not a disqualification.

HEAD. As in the Polish cock.

COMB. Brilliant red, two-horned in shape, but free from tynes, slightly sprigged at base, of good size, showing well in front of crest.

EYE. Full, bright, and very vivacious.

DEAF EARS. Small and nearly concealed.

FACE. Red, well muffled.

WATTLES. Moderately pendulous and evenly rounded; brilliant red.

MUFFLING. Close and thick, running to back of eye in a handsome curve

BEAK. Black, with horn-colored tip, strong and well curved, with highly-arched broad nostrils, as in Polish.

NECK. Moderate in length, thickly hackled, well arched, and carried a little back.

BREAST. Broad and full, carried well forward.

BACK. Wide, perfectly straight, and free from deformity.

BODY. Long and square.

WINGS. Closely set and well clipped up.

TAIL. Full and ample, well sickled, and carried rather erect.

THIGHS. Rather short, well set in body.

LEGS. Black or slate, the shorter the better; rather fine in the bone, free from feathers.

CARRIAGE. Upright, smart, vivacious, and watchful.

COLOR. Brilliant black

THE HEN

CREST Full and globular, as in the Polish blacks ; white feathers objectionable but not a disqualification.

HEAD. As in Polish.

EYE. Full and bright.

DEAF EARS. Small, hidden by muffling.

MUFFLING Thick and full, extending well back to crest, and forming a thick beard under the beak.

WATTLES. Very small and neatly rounded

NECK. Thick and arched.

BREAST Full, plump, and carried well forward.

BODY Square and carried low

BACK. Straight and broad

WINGS. Well clipped up

TAIL. Large and well expanded

THIGHS. Short, and well set into body.

LEGS. Short as possible, free from feathers, rather small in bone, slate or black in color

CARRIAGE. Upright and vivacious.

COLOR. Brilliant black , a brown tinge very undesirable.

POINTS IN CREVE CŒURS.

Symmetry,	15
Size,	15
Comb,	5
Crest,	10
Beard,	10
Color,	15
Body—depth and breadth,	10
Legs,	5
Tail.	5
Condition,	10
	100

DISQUALIFICATIONS.

Deformity of any kind ; colored feathers elsewhere than in crest ; feathered legs, and shanks of any other color than black or slate.

LA FLECHE.

THE COCK.

BEAK. Black, strong, and curved ; nostrils wide and cavernous, as in Polish, with small spot or knob of bright red flesh at junction of nostril with beak.

COMB. Branching and antler-like, like two horns pointed straight up ; brilliant red.

EAR LOBES. Large, and as white as possible.

HEAD. Long.

EYE. Bright, large, and watchful.

FACE. Red and rather bare.

WATTLES. Red, long, and pendulous, well rounded.

NECK. Long, rather curved, and upright ; hackle thick, but rather short.

BACK. Very long and broad, slanting towards the tail

WINGS. Long and well clipped in.

BREAST. Broad and rather full.

TAIL. Rather small, and carried low.

THIGHS. Strong, long, and well set into body.

LEGS. Long, strong, and black or slate in color.

TOES. Four.

PLUMAGE. Close and hard ; brilliant metallic black.

CARRIAGE. Very upright, dignified, and watchful.

THE HEN.

BEAK. Black, strong, and curved; nostrils arched, broad, and cavernous.

COMB. Double spiked and branching, standing well up, or the branches inclining a little forward; small.

HEAD. Long.

EYE. Bright and watchful.

FACE. Red, and rather bare.

DEAF EAR. Small and white.

WATTLES. Red, small, and neatly rounded.

NECK. Long and straight.

BACK. Broad, and tapering towards the tail.

BODY. Wide and deep.

BREAST. Very broad.

WINGS. Large and well clipped in.

TAIL. Small in proportion, but well expanded, and carried upright.

THIGHS. Long, and well set into body.

LEGS. Long, well boned, black or slaty in color.

PLUMAGE. Brilliant metallic black, close and hard.

CARRIAGE. Upright, dignified, and watchful.

POINTS IN LA FLECHE.

Symmetry,	10
Size,	25
Comb,	15
Deaf Ear,	10
Body and wings,	10
Thighs and legs,	5
Tail,	5
Plumage,	10
Condition,	10
	100

DISQUALIFICATIONS IN LA FLECHE.

Plumage any color but black ; presence of crest ; feathered legs ; deformity of any kind ; legs any color but black or dark.

DORKINGS.

GENERAL SHAPE.

THE COCK.

BEAK. Rather short and stout.

COMB. Either single or rose , if single, erect, straight, serrated, free from side sprigs ; if rose, square in front, straight on the head, without hollow in the middle, large peak behind, inclining slightly upwards.

HEAD. Neat.

WATTLES. Broad, stout, rounded on the lower edge.

NECK. Very taper, and well hackled.

BREAST. Very deep, broad, and full ; breast bone long.

BODY. Large, deep, compact and plump ; the back, belly. breast and hinder parts forming almost a paralellogram.

BACK. Very broad.

WINGS. Large.

TAIL. Very large, expanded, feathers broad and carried well up.

SICKLE FEATHERS AND TAIL COVERTS. Long, broad, and well arched.

THIGHS. Short, stout, and straight.

LEGS. Straight, short, stout, and perfectly free from feathers.

FEET. Five-toed, the extra toe well developed, distinctly separated from the others and inclining upwards.

CARRIAGE AND APPEARANCE. Bulky and grand.

THE HEN.

BEAK. Rather short.

COMB. If single, to be well developed, and fall over one side of the face; if rose, square in front, straight on the head, the peak behind inclining slightly upwards.

WATTLES. Broad, rounded on the lower edge.

HEAD. Neat.

NECK. Short and taper.

BREAST. Very deep, broad, and full.

BODY. Large, deep, compact, and plump; the back, belly, breast, and hinder parts forming almost a parallelogram.

BACK. Broad, rather long.

WINGS. Large.

TAIL. Large, expanded, the feathers broad.

THIGHS. Short and stout.

LEGS. Straight, short, stout, and perfectly free from feathers.

FEET. Five-toed, the extra toe well developed, distinctly separated from the others, and inclining upwards.

CARRIAGE AND APPEARANCE. Bulky and grand.

Silver Grey Dorkings.

COLOR OF COCK.

HEAD AND NECK HACKLE. Clear white.

COMB, FACE, AND WATTLES. Bright red.

BREAST, UNDER PART OF BODY AND THIGHS. Rich glossy black.

BACK AND SHOULDER COVERTS. Silvery white.

SADDLE. Clear white.

WING BOW Silvery white.

WING COVERTS. Metallic green black, forming a wide bar across the wing.

WING PRIMARIES. White on the outside edge of the outer web black on the inside web.

WING SECONDARIES. Clear white on the outside web, black on the inside web, and also on the end of the feathers.

TAIL. Rich black.

SICKLE FEATHERS. Rich metallic green black.

TAIL COVERTS. Rich metallic green black, the lesser ones silvered on the edge.

LEGS. Light flesh-color, with a deeper tint betwixt the scales.

THE HEN.

HEAD. Silvery or ashy grey.

COMB, FACE, AND WATTLES. Bright red.

NECK. Silvery white, striped with black.

BREAST. Salmon red, shading off to grey toward the sides.

BACK AND SHOULDER COVERTS. Silvery or slaty grey, free from dark bars or marks across the feathers; shaft of feathers white.

WING BOW. Silvery or slaty grey; shaft of feathers white. Any tendency to red on the wings is highly objectionable.

COVERTS AND FLIGHTS. Slaty grey.

TAIL. Dark grey, inside approaching black.

THIGHS. Ashy grey.

LEGS. Light flesh-color, with a deeper tint betwixt the scales.

POINTS IN SILVER-GREY DORKINGS.

Symmetry,	15
Size,	15
Color,	25
Head,	5
Comb,	10
Legs, feet, and toes,	15
Condition,	15
	100

DISQUALIFICATIONS IN SILVER-GREY DORKINGS.

Birds without fifth toe, or with crooked backs, wry tails combs not uniform in the pen, white in cock's breast or tail legs not light flesh-colored.

White Dorkings.

COMB, FACE, AND WATTLES. Rich red.

The whole of the plumage in both cock and hen pure white; the more free from yellow tinge the better.

LEGS. Light flesh-color.

POINTS IN WHITE DORKINGS.

Symmetry,	15
Size,	15
Purity of white plumage,	25
Head,	5
Comb,	10
Legs, feet, and toes,	15
Condition,	15
	100

DISQUALIFICATIONS.

Birds without the fifth toe, or with crooked backs or wry tails, combs not uniform in the pen, colored feathers in any part of the plumage, legs not light flesh-color.

Colored Dorkings.

The color of these is not material, provided the birds match in the pen.

POINTS IN COLORED DORKINGS.

Symmetry,	20
Size,	30
Head,	5
Comb,	10
Legs, feet, and toes,	15
Condition,	20
	100

DISQUALIFICATIONS IN COLORED DORKINGS.

Birds without the fifth toe, or with crooked backs, or wry tails, combs not uniform in the pen, legs not light flesh-color.

RUSSIAN.

THE COCK.

HEAD. Good size, well formed.

EYE. Full, prominent, and bright.

BEAK. Short and stout.

COMB. Rose, narrow at the rear, without the usual spike.

WATTLES. Long and pendant.

MUFFLING. Full, thick, and heavy.

HACKLE. Long, and flowing well back.

TAIL. Moderate, erect, and free from long sickle feathers.

WING. Folded up, like the Cochin.

PLUMAGE. Glossy greenish-black throughout.

LEGS. Dark lead-color; inclining to yellow not a disqualification.

THE HEN.

HEAD. Well formed.

EYE. Bright.

BEAK. Short.

COMB. Smaller in size than cock, resembling it in form.

MUFFLING. Full on fore part of neck, joining well on the side with the hackle, which is also full.

WINGS AND TAIL. See standard for Cochin.

LEGS. Same as cock.

PLUMAGE. Same as cock.

DISQUALIFICATIONS.

Color other than greenish black ; comb other than a close rose ; birds not matching in the pen ; squirrel tail.

POINTS.

Symmetry,	15
Head, beak, and wattles,	10
Comb,	10
Beard,	10
Hackle,	10
Color,	25
Size,	10
Condition,	10
	100

SILKIES.

THE COCK.

FACE AND WATTLES. Deep blnish or livid color.

COMB. Double, nearly round, having a lumpy appearance, with scarcely any points on top, and of a dark purple.

DEAF EAR. Lightish blue.

BEAK. Dark, and rather small.

CREST. Round, compact, and full.

NECK. Moderate length, and carried slightly forward.

HACKLE. Full.

BACK. Broad and short.

SADDLE. Wide, and rising to the tail.

WINGS. Rather small, and carried low.

BREAST. Full.

PLUMAGE. White, and free from straw-color in the white; the darks a bluish black.

TAIL. Small and soft, much resembling the Cochin.

THIGHS. Well furnished with silky fluff, hanging down over the hocks.

LEGS. Dark blue or black, well feathered, and free from vulture hocks.

TOES. Thin, five on each foot, outer ones well feathered.

CARRIAGE. Rather low, and Cochin-like.

POINTS.

Symmetry,	15
Comb, face, and wattles,	15
Crest,	15
Leg feathering,	10
Purity of plumage;	25
Tail,	10
Condition,	10
	100

DISQUALIFICATIONS.

Vulture hocks, feathers not truly silky, or foul feathers in any part of the body; absence of crest; fifth toe, or feathers on the legs.

BANTAMS OTHER THAN GAME.

Sebright Bantams.

GENERAL SHAPE.

THE COCK.

COMB. Double, square in front, fitting close and straight on the head, the top covered with small points, with a peak behind, turning slightly upward.

HEAD. Small, round in front, carried well back toward the tail.

BEAK. Short, slightly curved.

EYE. Full.

WATTLES. Broad, rounded on the lower edge.

DEAF EAR. Flat.

NECK. Neat and taper, quite free from hackle feathers.

BREAST. Round, full, and carried prominently forward.

BACK. Very short, perfectly free from saddle feathers.

WINGS. Ample, the points carried very low, almost touching the ground.

TAIL. Square, similar to that of the hen, free from sickle or curved feathers, the feathers broadest towards the end.

TAIL COVERTS. Straight, round at the end, and lying close to the sides of the tail.

THIGHS. Very short.

LEGS. Short, slender, and very taper.

PLUMAGE. Close, perfectly hen-feathered.

CARRIAGE. Very upright and strutting.

THE HEN.

Very similar to the cock. The comb and wattles much smaller, and the head neater.

COLOR OF GOLD LACED SEBRIGHTS.

HEAD, FACE AND WATTLES. Rich red.

DEAF-EAR. White.

PLUMAGE. Rich golden yellow, every feather laced with rich black, that is, having a narrow, even, well-defined, rich black edge all round the feathers; the two colors distinct, and not shading into each other; the lacing of the same width on the sides as on the ends of the feathers.

LEGS. Slaty blue.

COLOR OF THE SILVER LACED SEBRIGHTS.

Similar to the Golden, substituting silvery white for the golden yellow ground color.

POINTS IN SEBRIGHTS.

Symmetry,	10
Plumage most evenly and distinctly laced throughout,	25
Purity of ground color in Silver and richness and clearness of ground color in Golden,	20
Comb,	10
Tail,	5
Smallness,	20
Condition and general appearance,	10
	100

DISQUALIFICATIONS IN SEBRIGHT BANTAMS.

Cocks weighing more than 26 ounces; hens more than 22 ounces; cocks having either hackle, saddle, or sickle feathers; legs of any other color than slaty blue; combs other than rose.

Black Bantams.

THE COCK.

COMB. Double, square in front, close and straight on the head, the top covered with a peak behind turning slightly upwards.

HEAD. Small, round, and carried well back towards the tail.

BEAK. Short, slightly curved.

EYE. Prominent.

DEAF EAR. Flat and even on the surface.

WATTLES. Broad and thin, rounded on the lower edge.

NECK. Very taper, curving well back, so as to bring the back of the head towards the tail; hackle full and long, flowing well over the shoulders.

BREAST. Round, and carried prominently forward.

BACK. Very short, saddle feathers long.

WINGS. Ample, the points dropping so as nearly to touch the ground; the secondaries slightly expanded.

TAIL. Full, expanded, well adorned with long, curving sickle feathers, carried well up towards the back of the head.

THIGHS. Short.

LEGS. Short, clean, and taper.

CARRIAGE. Very upright, proud and strutting.

THE HEN.

COMB. Same shape as that of cock, but very much smaller.

HEAD. Small, round, and neat.

BEAK. Small.

EYE. Full and quick.

DEAF-EAR. Flat, and even on the surface.

WATTLES. Small.

NECK. Short and taper, carried well back.

BREAST. Round and prominent.
BACK. Short.
WINGS. Ample, points drooping.
TAIL. Full, expanded, carried rather upright.
THIGHS. Short.
LEGS. Short, clean, and taper.
CARRIAGE. Upright and strutting.

COLOR OF BLACK BANTAMS.

COMB, FACE, AND WATTLES. Rich bright red.
BEAK. Dark horn color or black.
DEAF EAR. Pure white, not cream.
PLUMAGE. Rich black throughout.
LEGS. Black, or very dark leaden blue.

POINTS IN BLACK BANTAMS.

Symmetry,	15
Smallness of size,	25
Comb,	15
Deaf ear,	20
Purity of color,	15
Condition,	10
	100

DISQUALIFICATIONS IN BLACK BANTAMS.

Cocks more than 22 ounces, or hen more than 20 ; deaf ear other than white ; feathers on legs.

White Bantams.

Smallness of size same as Sebright.
COMB. Rose, bright red.
DEAF EAR. Red.

CARRIAGE. Very upright and strutting.

PLUMAGE. Pure white, as free from yellow tinge as possible.

LEGS. White, with a slight pink tinge on the back and betwixt the scales.

POINTS IN WHITE BANTAMS.

Carriage, - -	15
Purity of white, - -	20
Smallness,	25
Comb, -	20
Deaf Ear, - -	10
Condition and general appearance,	10
	100

DISQUALIFICATIONS IN WHITE BANTAMS.

Cocks more than 24 ounces, or hens more than 20 ounces; feathers on legs; legs other than white or yellow, legs not matching in coop.

Pekin or Cochin Bantams.

HEAD. Small, neat, and carried rather forward.

COMB. Single, perfectly straight and upright, with well-defined serrations.

BEAK. Curved and tapering.

EYE. Bright and clear.

DEAF EAR. Large, for the size of the bird, and pendant.

WATTLES. Large and well rounded.

BACK. Rather broad, rising gently towards the tail.

WINGS. Small, primaries well doubled under secondaries, and concealed from sight.

TAIL. Very small, carried horizontally.

BREAST. Rather deep, broad, and full.

THIGHS. Short, but strong, well covered with soft fluffy feathers.

FLUFF. Abundant and soft.

LEGS. Short and thick, well feathered on outside to end of toes.

TOES. Straight, the outer ones well feathered.

CARRIAGE. Not very upright.

PLUMAGE. The same as in corresponding breeds of Cochins.

POINTS IN PEKIN OR COCHIN BANTAMS.

Symmetry,	15
Smallness of size,	25
Head,	5
Comb,	5
Legs,	10
Fluff,	10
Color,	20
Condition,	10
	100

DISQUALIFICATIONS IN PEKIN OR COCHIN BANTAMS.

Cocks over 24 ounces; hens over 20 ounces; twisted combs; primary wing feathers twisted outside the wing; absence of feathering on the legs; deformity of any kind; birds not matching in the pen.

Japan Bantams.

COMB. Very large, single, bright red.

HEAD. Rather large and broad.

BEAK. Very strong and taper; yellow.

EYE. Large and bright

DEAF EAR. Large, smooth, and bright red.
WATTLES. Large, well rounded, and red.
NECK. Rather short.
BREAST. Very full and round, carried well forward.
BACK. Very short.
WINGS. Rather large and long.
TAIL. Very large, carried very erect.
THIGHS. Small and short.
LEGS. Short, smooth, free from feathers, and yellow.
CARRIAGE. Very erect.
PLUMAGE. Head, neck, and body pure white. Tail black. Black or colored feathers on body or wings, very objectionable, but not a disqualification.

POINTS IN JAPAN BANTAMS.

Symmetry,	10
Head and comb,	10
Deaf Ear,	10
Smallness of size,	25
Color,	20
Carriage,	15
Condition,	10
	100

DISQUALIFICATIONS IN JAPAN BANTAMS.

Cock over 24 ounces; hens over 20 ounces. Legs other than yellow. Combs other than single. Crooked backs, wry tails, or deformity of any kind.

RUMPLESS FOWLS.

Birds without tails.
COLOR. White or black preferred, but any color admitted.
COMBS. Double or single.

DISQUALIFICATIONS.

Birds not matching in the pen, or combs, color of legs, or plumage; any approach to tail.

FRIZZLED FOWLS.

Birds with feathers standing erect, the fine points of saddle and hackle curling towards the head.

Any color admissible, providing the birds match in the pen.

COMB. Double or single.

DISQUALIFICATIONS.

Birds not matching in combs, color of legs, or plumage.

DUCKS.

Aylesbury Ducks.

GENERAL SHAPE AND COLOR.

BILL. Long and broad; when viewed sideways, nearly straight from the top of the head to the tip of the bill; of a delicate pale flesh-color, perfectly free from black or dark marks.

HEAD. Long and fine.

NECK. Long, slender, and gracefully curved.

BODY. Long and deep, and oval shaped.

BACK. Long and broad.

WINGS. Strong, carried well up and not drooping.

TAIL. Feathers stiff and hard, with hard curled feathers in the drake.

THIGHS. Short.

LEGS. Short and strong; bright light orange color.

PLUMAGE. Pure white throughout.

POINTS IN AYLESBURY DUCKS.

Symmetry,	15
Size,	30
Purity of color and shape of bill,	20
Purity of color in plumage,	20
Condition,	15
	100

DISQUALIFICATIONS IN AYLESBURY DUCKS.

Birds so fat as to be down behind, or bills marked with black, plumage of any color except white.

Rouen Ducks.

THE DRAKE.

BILL. Long, broad, and rather wider at the top than base; when viewed sideways, nearly straight from the crown of the head to the tip of the bill; the longer the better. Color, greenish yellow, without any other color, except the black bean at the tip.

HEAD. Long and fine, rich lustrous green.

EYE. Dark hazel.

NECK. Long, slender, and neatly curved, color, the same lustrous green as the head, with a distinct white ring on the lower part not quite meeting at the back.

BREAST. Broad and deep; the front part very rich pur-

plish brown, or claret color, free from grey feathers; the claret color extending as far as possible towards the legs.

Back. Long; higher part ashy grey, mixed with green, becoming a rich lustrous green on the lower part and rump.

Shoulder Coverts. Grey, finely streaked with waving brown lines.

Wings. Greyish brown, mixed with green, with a broad ribbon mark of rich purple, with metallic reflections of blue and green, and edged with white; the two colors quite distinct.

Flight Feathers. Dark dusky brown, quite free from white; under part of body and sides, beautiful grey, becoming lighter grey near the vent, and ending in solid black under the tail.

Tail. Feathers hard and stiff, dark ashy brown; the outer web in old birds edged with white.

Tail Coverts. Curled feathers, hard and well curled; black, with very rich purple reflections.

Legs and Feet. Orange, with a tinge of brown.

THE DUCK.

Bill. Broad, long, and somewhat flat; brownish orange, with a dark blotch on the upper part, and black bean at the tip.

Head. Long and fine; deep brown, with two light pale brown stripes on each side from the bill past the eye.

Neck. Long, slender, and neatly curved; light brown, penciled with darker brown, and quite free from the least appearance of a white ring.

Breast. Under part of body and sides, greyish brown; each feather marked distinctly with a rich dark brown penciling; each feather well penciled to point of tail.

Back. Long; light brown, richly marked with green.

Wings. Greyish brown, mixed with green, with a broad ribbon mark of rich purple, edged with white, the two colors distinct.

FLIGHT FEATHERS. Brown, perfectly free from white.

TAIL COVERTS. Brown, beautifully penciled with broad distinct penciling of dark brown or greenish brown.

TAIL. Light brown, with distinct broad wavy penciling of dark greenish brown.

LEGS. Orange, or brown and orange.

DISQUALIFICATIONS IN ROUEN DUCKS.

Bills clear yellow, dark green, blue or lead color; any white in primaries or secondaries; any approach to white ring on neck of duck.

POINTS IN ROUEN DUCKS.

Symmetry,	15
Condition,	15
Size,	30
Shape and color of bill,	20
Color of plumage,	20
	100

Cayuga Ducks.

HEAD. Small, neat, and slender.

BILL. Broad, rather short, and dark in color; black preferred.

NECK. Medium.

BREAST. Broad, full, and prominent.

BODY. Long and round, very full and plump.

WINGS. Long and carried well up.

LEGS. Medium length, and black or dark slaty color, black preferred.

PLUMAGE. Of drake glossy black throughout, the head and neck a brilliant greenish hue; also the wing coverts, but not so decided in color. The primaries of the duck being sometimes a dark brown, all the rest jet black. Legs of orange tinge objectionable, but not a disqualification.

POINTS IN CAYUGA DUCKS.

Symmetry,	20
Size,	30
Plumage,	25
Legs,	15
Condition,	10
	100

DISQUALIFICATIONS IN CAYUGA DUCKS.

White or colored feathers in any part of the plumage. Deformity of any kind.

East Indian or Labrador Ducks.

SHAPE. The entire form remarkably slender, neat, and graceful.

SIZE. The smaller the better.

PLUMAGE. Rich lustrous black, with a brilliant velvety green tint throughout, perfectly free from white or brown feathers on any part whatever.

BILL OF DRAKE. Very dark yellowish green without spot or blemish.

BILL OF DUCK. Very dark.

LEGS. Dark.

POINTS IN EAST INDIAN OR LABRADOR DUCKS.

Symmetry, neatness, and elegance of form,	20
Smallness of size,	25
Richness of plumage,	25
Bill,	15
Condition,	15
	100

DISQUALIFICATIONS IN EAST INDIAN OR LABRADOR DUCKS.

White in any part of the plumage.

Call Ducks.

SHAPE. The entire form very short, round, and compact, with very full, round, high forehead, and short broad bill.

SIZE. The smaller the better.

COLOR. In the grey variety, bill, legs, plumage the same as in the Rouen. In the white variety, bill, bright, clear, unspotted yellow ; plumage, pure white.

LEGS. Bright orange.

POINTS IN CALL DUCKS.

Symmetry and compactness of shape,	20
Smallness of size,	35
Color of plumage,	20
Bill and top of the forehead,	15
Condition, - -	10
	100

DISQUALIFICATIONS IN CALL DUCKS.

In Grey Call Ducks, white ring on the neck of the Duck ; white flight feathers in either sex.

Disqualifications in White Call Ducks : colored feathers in any part of the plumage ; bills of any color except yellow.

White Crested Ducks.

COLOR. Pure white.

BILL. Yellow.

CREST. Large and well-balanced,

POINTS IN CRESTED DUCKS.

Size, -	25
Color of plumage,	20
Color of bill,	15
Size of crest, - - -	30
Condition,	10
	100

DISQUALIFICATIONS.

Colored feathers in any part of the plumage. Deformity of any kind.

White Muscovy Ducks.

HEAD AND FACE. Carunculated with bright red, the more red the better.

BILL. Short, rather small, pinkish flesh-color.

BODY. Wide across the back, rather flat in appearance; drake much larger than the duck.

PLUMAGE. Pure white throughout.

LEGS. Pale orange or yellow.

POINTS IN WHITE MUSCOVY DUCKS.

Symmetry,	15
Size,	30
Color of legs and bill,	20
Purity of color in plumage,	20
Condition,	15
	100

DISQUALIFICATIONS.

Orange colored bills, smooth heads. Any colored feathers in plumage.

Pekin Ducks.

BILL. Of medium size, deep yellow, perfectly free from marks of any other color

HEAD. Long and fine.

NECK. Rather long and large, especially in the drake.

BODY. Very long and deep; in adult birds approaching the outline of a parallelogram.

BEAK. Long and broad.

WINGS. Rather short, carried well up, and not drooping.

TAIL FEATHERS. Rather erect, and curled feathers in the drake hard and stiff.

THIGHS. Short.

LEGS. Short and strong ; of a reddish orange color.

PLUMAGE. Downy, and of a faint creamy white.

POINTS IN PEKIN DUCKS.

Symmetry,	15
Size.	40
Purity of color,	30
Bill, and color of the same,	5
Condition,	10
	100

DISQUALIFICATIONS.

Birds so fat as to be down behind. Bills marked with black. Plumage any other color but white or creamy white.

TURKEYS.

GENERAL SHAPE

HEAD AND FACE. Very bright and rich in color.

EYES. Bright and clear.

BODY. Long and deep.

WINGS. Powerful, and well carried.

BREAST. Broad, very long, and perfectly straight.

THIGHS. Muscular, straight, and strong.

LEGS. Very strong and perfectly straight.

PLUMAGE Sound, hard, and glossy.

COLOR. Rich, the birds matching in the pen.

Black Turkeys.

PLUMAGE. Rich metallic black or bronze-black, free from other color.

LEGS. Dark lead color, or slaty black.

Buff Turkeys.

PLUMAGE. Buff throughout, the more even the better. Mealiness on wings or tail objectionable.

LEGS. Bluish white, or flesh-color.

Slate Turkeys.

PLUMAGE. Slaty or ashy blue, the more free from black dotting the better.

LEGS. Blue, of dark or light shade.

DISQUALIFICATIONS IN BLACK, BUFF, AND SLATE TURKEYS.

Crooked backs, wry tails, deformity of any kind, false color in any part of plumage ; birds not matching in the pen.

POINTS IN BLACK, BUFF, AND SLATE TURKEYS.

Symmetry,	15
Size,	30
Color,	30
Color of legs,	10
Condition,	15
	100

Narraganset Turkeys.

THE COCK.

HEAD AND FACE. Bright and rich in color.

EYES. Bright and clear.

BODY. Long and deep.

BILL. Curved, strong, and well set in head ; light horn color.

NECK, BREAST, AND BACK. Metallic black, each feather ending in a broad, light, steel-grey band, edged with black.

UNDER PART OF BODY, AND THIGHS. Similar to the markings of breast, etc., with more of the metallic black.

WING BOW. Metallic black, with considerable of the bronze luster when shown in sunlight.

WING PRIMARIES. Black or dark brown, barred across with white or light grey, the more even and regular the better.

WING SECONDARIES. Markings similar to the primaries, but less distinct, and approaching to light grey on outside web.

WING COVERTS. Brown, approaching to black on inside web ; outside light grey, terminating in a broad metallic black band ; the wing, when folded, forming two distict ribbon-like bars across the wing.

RUMP AND TAIL COVERTS. Rich metallic black, each feather in the latte irregularly barred with narrow pencilings of light brown or buff, ending in a broad light grey band.

TAIL. Black, irregularly barred with pencilings of brown, each feather ending in a broad black band, edged with light grey, approaching to white.

FLUFF. Abundant, and well covered with hard body feathers.

LEGS. Long and strong. Color deep salmon or brown.

THE HEN.

The entire plumage throughout nearly similar to the cock, save that the colors are not so distinct, and the edging of the feathers has more of the light grey.

POINTS IN NARRAGANSET TURKEYS.

Symmetry, and matching in pen,	20
Size,	30
Richness and beauty of plumage,	30
Legs,	10
Condition,	10
	100

DISQUALIFICATIONS IN NARRAGANSET TURKEYS.

Buff or slate-colored feathers in any part of plumage; crooked backs; wry tails; deformity of any kind; adult cocks weighing less than 25 lbs. and hens less than 15 lbs.

Bronze Turkeys.

THE COCK.

FACE, EAR LOBES, WATTLES AND JAWS. Rich red; in adult birds the wattles are carunculated and sometimes edged with white.

HEAD. Long and broad.

BILL. Curved, strong, and well set in the head; light horn-color at tip, dark at base.

NECK, BREAST, AND BACK. Black, beautifully shaded with bronze, which glistens like gold in the sunlight; each feather ending in a narrow, glossy, black band, extending entirely across the feather.

UNDERPART OF BODY, AND THIGHS. Black, similarly marked as the breast, but colors not so decided nor rich

WING BOW. Black, with a brilliant greenish orange or bronze lustre.

WING PRIMARIES. Black or dark brown, barred across with white or grey, the more even and regular the better.

WING SECONDARIES. Black or dark brown, evenly and regularly barred across with white or grey, the colors changing to bronzy brown as they approach the center of the back, with but little admixture of white. Edging of white in primaries or secondaries very objectionable.

WING COVERTS. Rich beautiful bronze, the feathers terminating in a wide black band; the wing, when folded, having a broad bronze band across it, divided from the flight feathers by a glossy black ribbon-like mark, formed by the ends of the coverts.

TAIL. Black or dark brown, each feather penciled irregularly with narrow bands of light brown, ending in a broad black band, widely bordered with dull white or grey.

TAIL COVERTS. Black or dark brown, each feather irregularly penciled with narrow bands of light brown, ending in a wide black and bronze band, extending across the end of the feather, with a wide border of dull white or grey. The more distinct the colors throughout the whole plumage the better.

FLUFF. Abundant and soft, well covered with hard body feathers.

LEGS. Large, long, and strong; color in young birds dark, nearly black; in older birds it may change to a pinky flesh-color.

THE HEN.

The entire plumage is similar to the cock's, save that the colors are not so bright nor distinct, and the edging of the feathers is generally dull white or gray.

DISQUALIFICATIONS.

Any white feathers in plumage; wing clear black or dark brown; color of back, tail, or tail coverts clear black, brown, or grey. Crooked backs; wry tails, or deformity of any kind. Adult cocks weighing less than 25 lbs., adult hens weighing less than 16 lbs. Birds not matching in pen.

POINTS IN BRONZE TURKEYS.

Symmetry,	10
Size, -	35
Color of wings,	10
Richness and beauty of remaining plumage,	25
Condition,	10
Legs, - -	10
	100

GEESE.

Toulouse.

CARRIAGE. Tall and erect; bodies nearly touching the ground.

COLOR. Breast and body light grey; back dark grey; neck, darker grey than back; wings and belly, shading off to white, though but little white visible.

BILL. Pale flesh-color.

LEGS AND FEET. Deep orange, inclined to red.

Embden.

PLUMAGE. Uniformly pure white.
BILL. Flesh color.
LEGS AND FEET. Orange.

POINTS IN GEESE.

Symmetry,	20
Size and weight,	40
Plumage,	15
Color,	15
Condition,	10
	100

White China Geese.

HEAD. Rather small, with large orange-colored knob at the base of the beak.
NECK. Long, and beautifully curved.
BODY. Small, round, and plump.
CARRIAGE. Very upright, graceful, and swan-like.
PLUMAGE. Pure white throughout.

POINTS IN WHITE CHINA GEESE.

Carriage and symmetry	40
Neck, length and arching thereof,	20
Purity of plumage,	20
Condition,	10
Size of Knob,	10
	100

DISQUALIFICATIONS IN WHITE CHINA GEESE.

Absence of knob, neck not arched, any colored feathers in plumage, deformity of any kind.

Egyptian or Nile Geese.

COLOR. Gray and black on upper part of body and pale buff or yellow, beautifully penciled with black lines underneath a dark chestnut patch around the eye and another under the center of the breast. Shoulder of wings white with a narrow black stripe or bar of beautiful metallic luster; wing, quills, and tail feathers glossy black.

EYES. Orange color.

BILL. Purple or bluish red.

LEGS. Reddish yellow.

A small, white, horny spur on wing-joint of goose.

SIZE. Small.

African Geese.

CARRIAGE. Upright, stately, and graceful.

NECK. Long and curved, with a dark stripe from the head to the body.

HEAD. Large, with black bill, and large black knob at the base; a heavy dewlap under the throat.

BODY. Large, long, and rather upright, with a broad flat back.

LEGS AND FEET. Dark or dark orange color.

COLOR OF BODY. Grey, darker on the back and wings than on the underparts and neck.

DISQUALIFICATIONS.

Absence of knob or dewlap, deformity of any kind; color of beak and knob other than black.

POINTS IN AFRICAN GEESE.

Symmetry,	20
Size,	40
Color,	20
Knob and Dewlap,	10
Condition,	10
	100

LIST OF SUB-COMMITTEES.

LIGHT BRAHMAS. I. K. Felch, Natick, Mass.; J. M. Wade, Philadelphia, Pa.; Philander Williams, Tauntoh, Mass.

DARK BRAHMAS. W H. Churchman, Wilmington, Del.; E. C. Skinner, Detroit, Mich., A. B. Estes, New York.

BUFF COCHINS. George L. Williams, Buffalo, N. Y.; David Jones, Tecumseh, Mich.; H. M. Thomas, Brooklin, Ont.

PARTRIDGE COCHINS. C. H. Crosby, Danbury, Conn.; W H. Todd, Vermilion, Ohio; Philander Williams, Taunton, Mass.

BLACK AND WHITE COCHINS. Daniel Allen, Galt, Ont.; Wm. Wright, Detroit, Mich.

PLYMOUTH ROCKS AND AMERICAN DOMINIQUES. W. H. Lockwood, Hartford, Conn.; C. B. Elben, Pittsburgh, Pa. M. I. Ellis, Norwood, Mass.

DORKINGS. Fred Sturdy, Guelph, Ont.; R. M. Griffith, Wilmington, Del.; H. H. Stoddard, Hartford, Conn.

HAMBURGS. H. H. Stoddard, Hartford, Conn.; Andrew J. Tuck, Nashua, N. H.; E. S. Ongley, Auburn, N. Y

BLACK SPANISH. E. B. Smith, Buffalo, N. Y.; I. K. Felch, Natick, Mass.

WHITE, BROWN, BLACK AND DOMINIQUE LEGHORNS. William H. Lockwood, Hartford, Conn.; F. J. Kinney, Worcester, Mass.; W. B. Atkinson, Erie, Pa.

POLISH. R. M. Griffith, Wilmington, Del.; E. P. Howlet, Syracuse, N. Y.; H. M. Thomas, Brooklin, Ont.

HOUDANS, CREVE-CŒURS, LA FLECHE, AND GUELDRES. Wm. P. Atkinson, Erie, Pa.; G. W. White, Buffalo, N. Y.

GAMES AND GAME BANTAMS. P. W. Hudson, North Manchester, Conn.; M. H. Cryer, Massilon, Ohio; A. D. Warren, Worcester, Mass.

BANTAMS OTHER THAN GAMES. E. P. Howlett, Syracuse, N. Y.; E. S. Ongley, Auburn, N. Y.; P. Williams, Mass.

VARIOUS CLASS. Rev. William Atwood, Big Flats, N. Y.; W. H. Todd, Vermilion, Ohio; S. H. Seamans, Wauwatosa, Wis.

TURKEYS. W H. Todd, Vermillion, Ohio, George Vanderveer, Port Jackson, N. Y., J. Y. Bicknell, Westmoreland, N. Y

GEESE AND DUCKS. W. H. Todd, Vermilion, Ohio; C. B. Elben, Pittsburgh, Penn.; Daniel Allen, Galt, Ont.